

u^b

**UNIVERSITÄT
BERN**



Helvetia

Mastering Embedded Languages

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An aerial photograph of a vast savanna landscape. A winding river flows through the center, bordered by lush green vegetation. A colorful hot air balloon is visible in the sky above the river. The background shows rolling hills under a bright, cloudy sky.

**Smalltalk is a highly
dynamic language**

Smalltalk syntax is locked down



**Host-language compiler
can be patched**



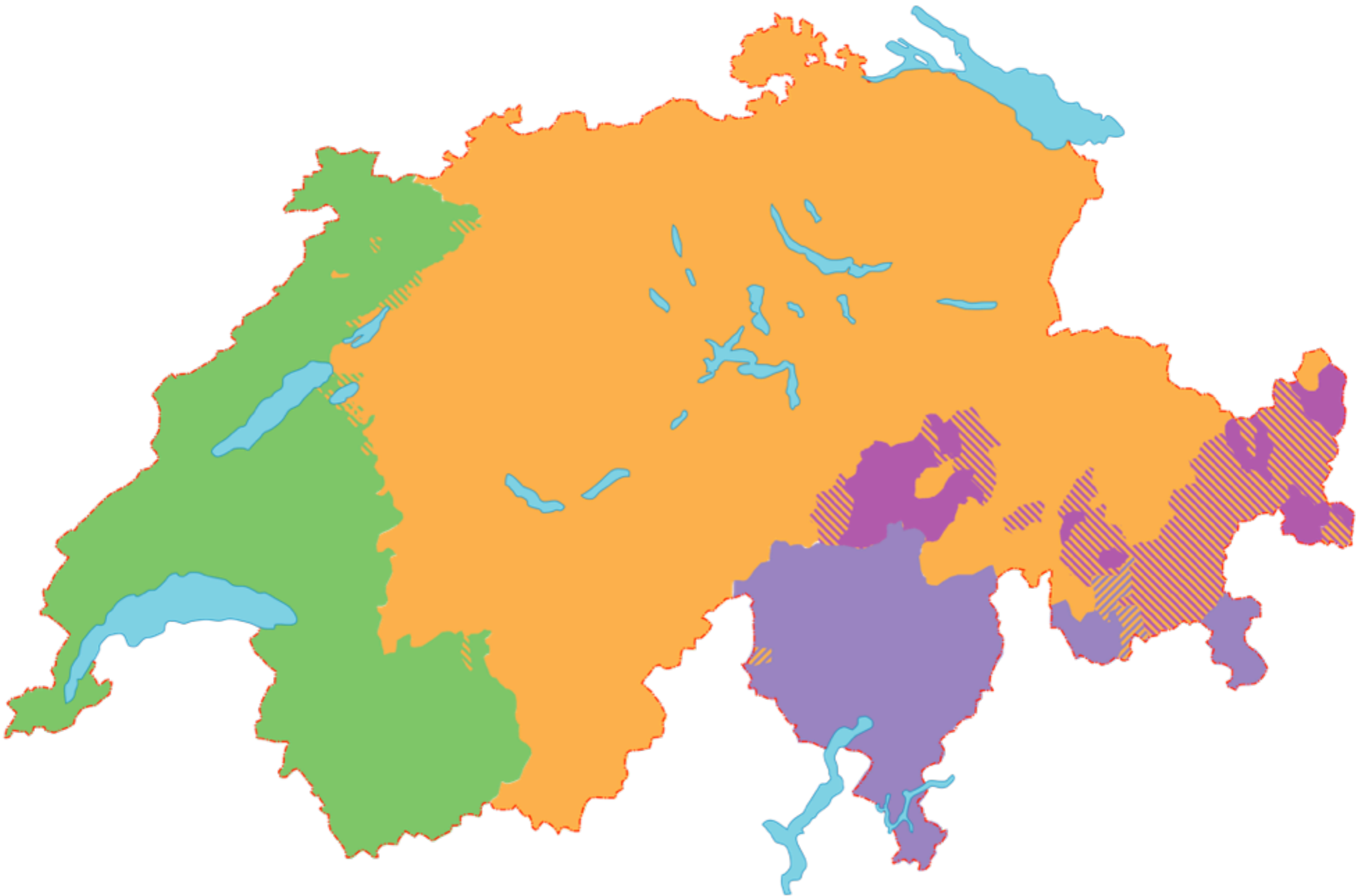
Patching wrecks your development tools

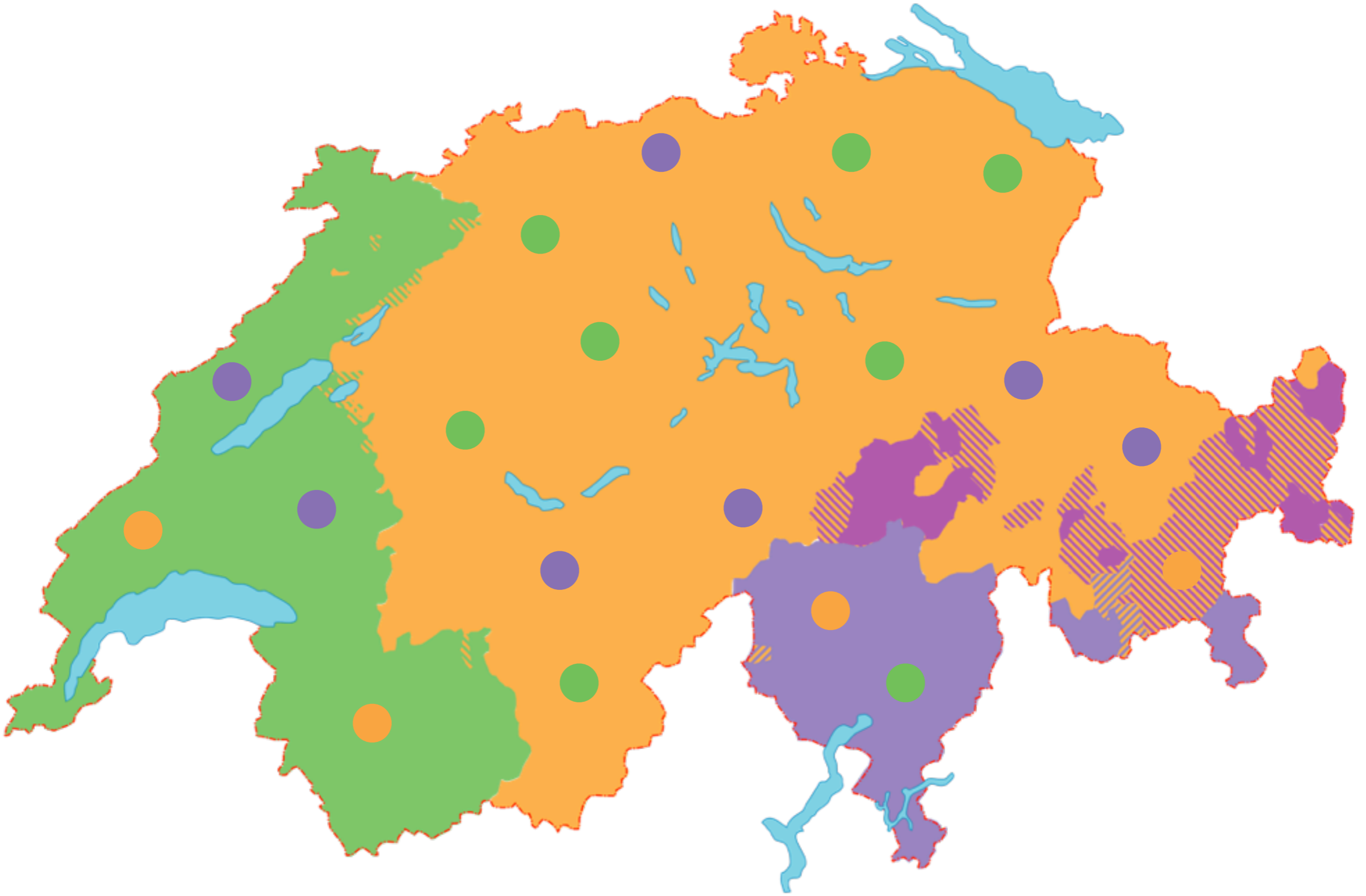




Mastering Embedded Languages









MIGROS

coop



MIGROS

MIGROS

coop

coop

Debugger

SQLQueries>>findUser:
 OBGrouppingMorph>>Dolt
 BlockClosure>>value

into out over proceed restart return terminate through

```

findUser: aString
  | rows |
  rows := SELECT id FROM users
         WHERE username = @(aString ~= /\s*(\w+)\s*/).
  ^ rows first
  
```

(thisContext)	'renggli'	(self)	a SQLQueries
aString			
rows			
+ 1 #		1 #	

Requirements

Adopt, Extend, Overload

change semantics



Adopt, Extend, Overload

change semantics

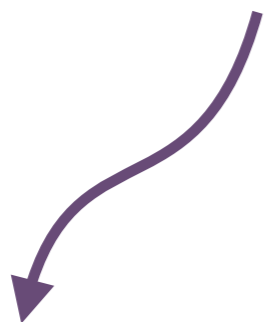


Adopt, Extend, Overload



introduce new syntax

change semantics



Adopt, Extend, Overload

introduce new syntax



change syntax & semantics





Multiple Context Dependent Languages



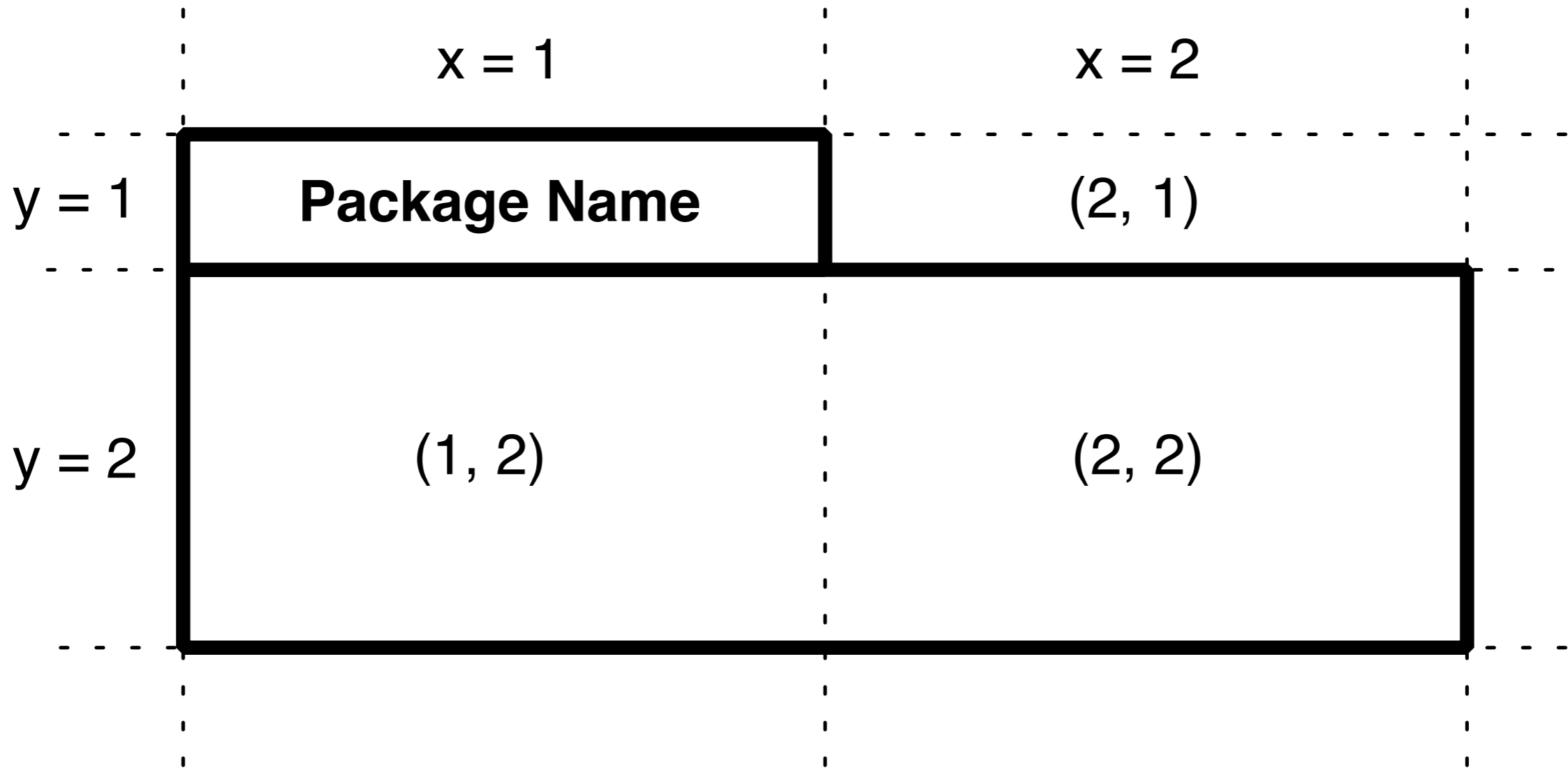
Homogeneous Data and Code Abstraction



Homogeneous Tool Support



Context Specific Languages
with Homogeneous Tool Integration



```
aBuilder row grow.
```

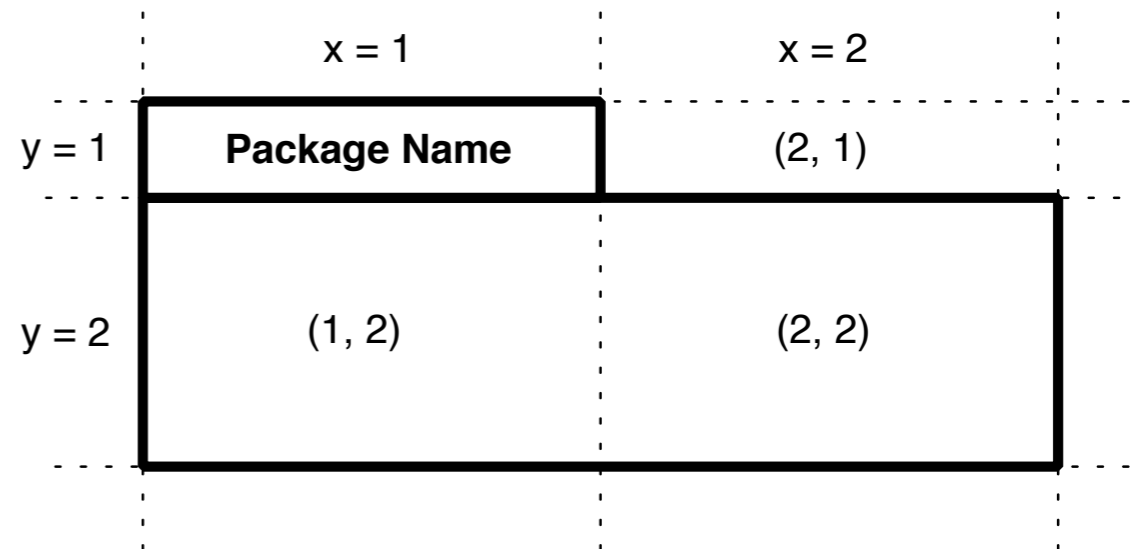
```
aBuilder row fill.
```

```
aBuilder column grow.
```

```
aBuilder column fill.
```

```
aBuilder x: 1 y: 1 add: (LabelShape new  
  text: [ :each | each name ];  
  borderColor: #black;  
  borderWidth: 1;  
  yourself).
```

```
aBuilder x: 1 y: 2 w: 2 h: 1 add: (RectangleShape new  
  borderColor: #black;  
  borderWidth: 1;  
  width: 200;  
  height: 100;  
  yourself)
```




```
row = grow.
```

```
row = fill.
```

```
column = grow.
```

```
column = fill.
```

```
(1, 1) = label
```

```
text: [ :each | each name ];
```

```
borderColor: #black;
```

```
borderWidth: 1.
```

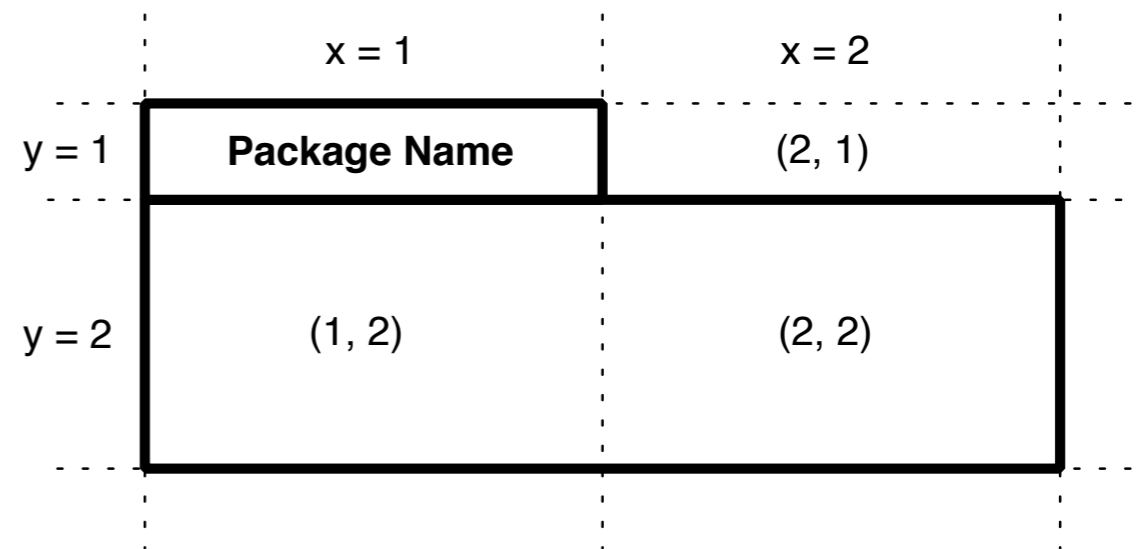
```
(1, 2) - (2, 1) = rectangle
```

```
borderColor: #black;
```

```
borderWidth: 1;
```

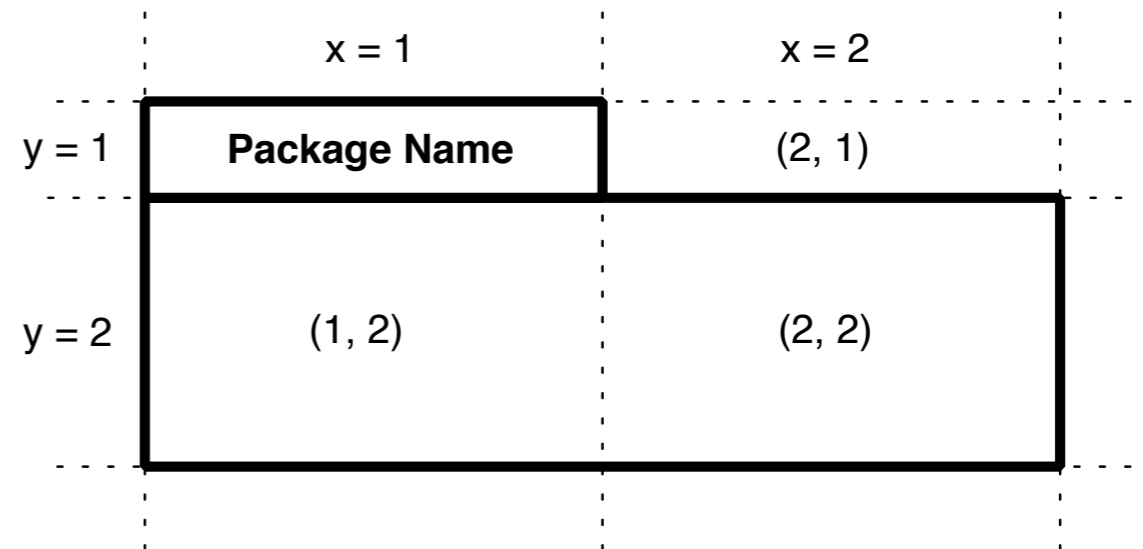
```
width: 200;
```

```
height: 100.
```



A *pidgin* is a simplified form of the host language. It introduces new vocabulary and semantic meaning.

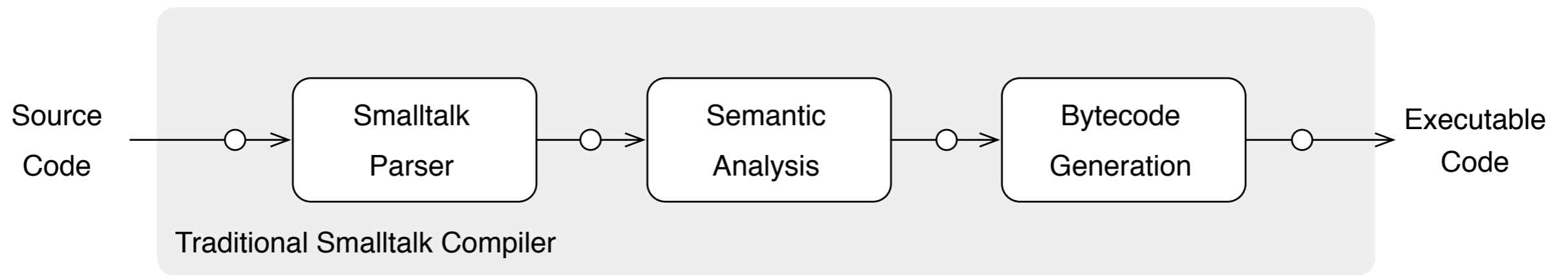
```
shape {
  cols: #grow, #fill;
  rows: #grow, #fill;
}
label {
  position: 1 , 1;
  text: [ :each | each name ];
  borderColor: #black;
  borderWidth: 1;
}
rectangle {
  position: 1 , 2;
  colspan: 2;
  borderColor: #black;
  borderWidth: 1;
  width: 200;
  height: 100;
}
```

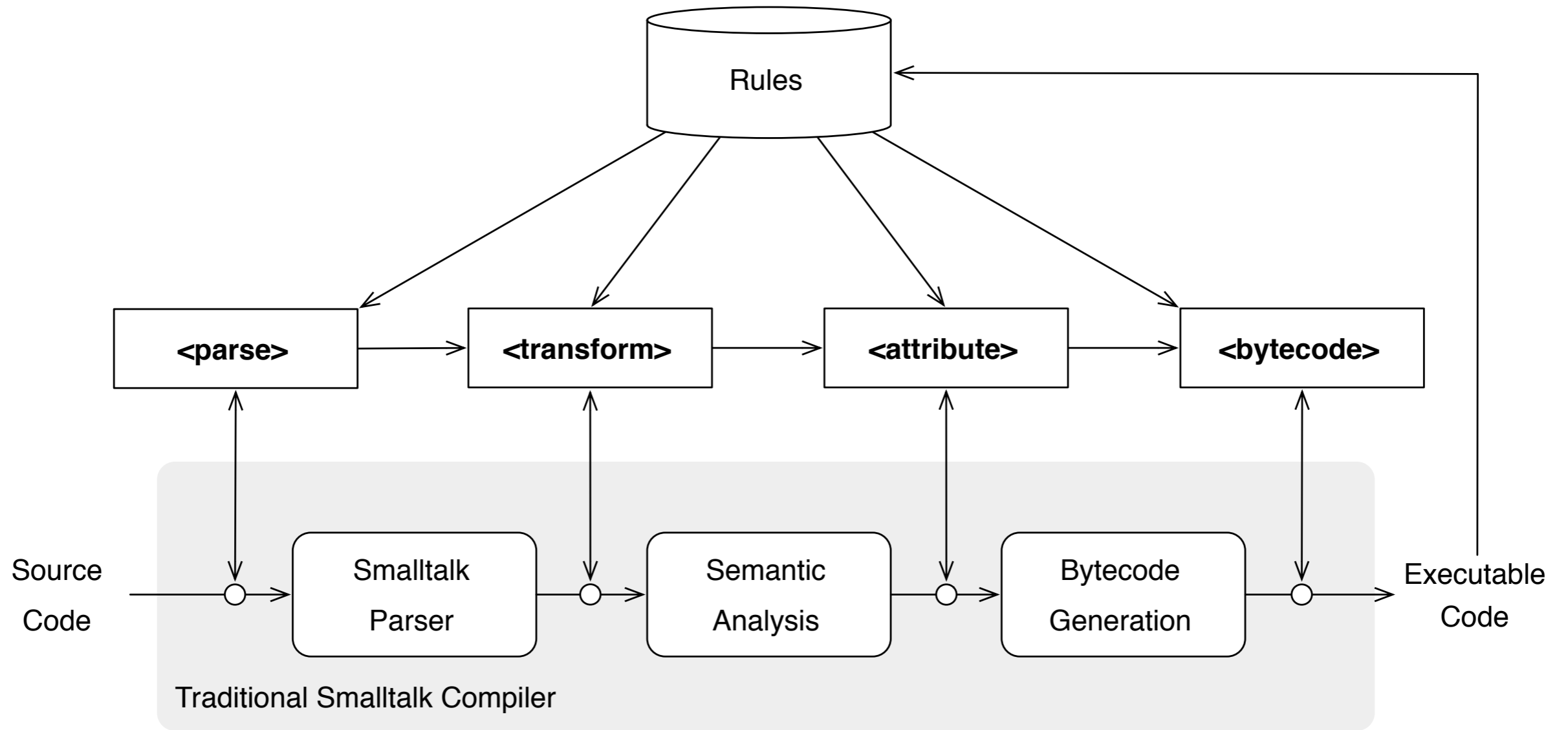


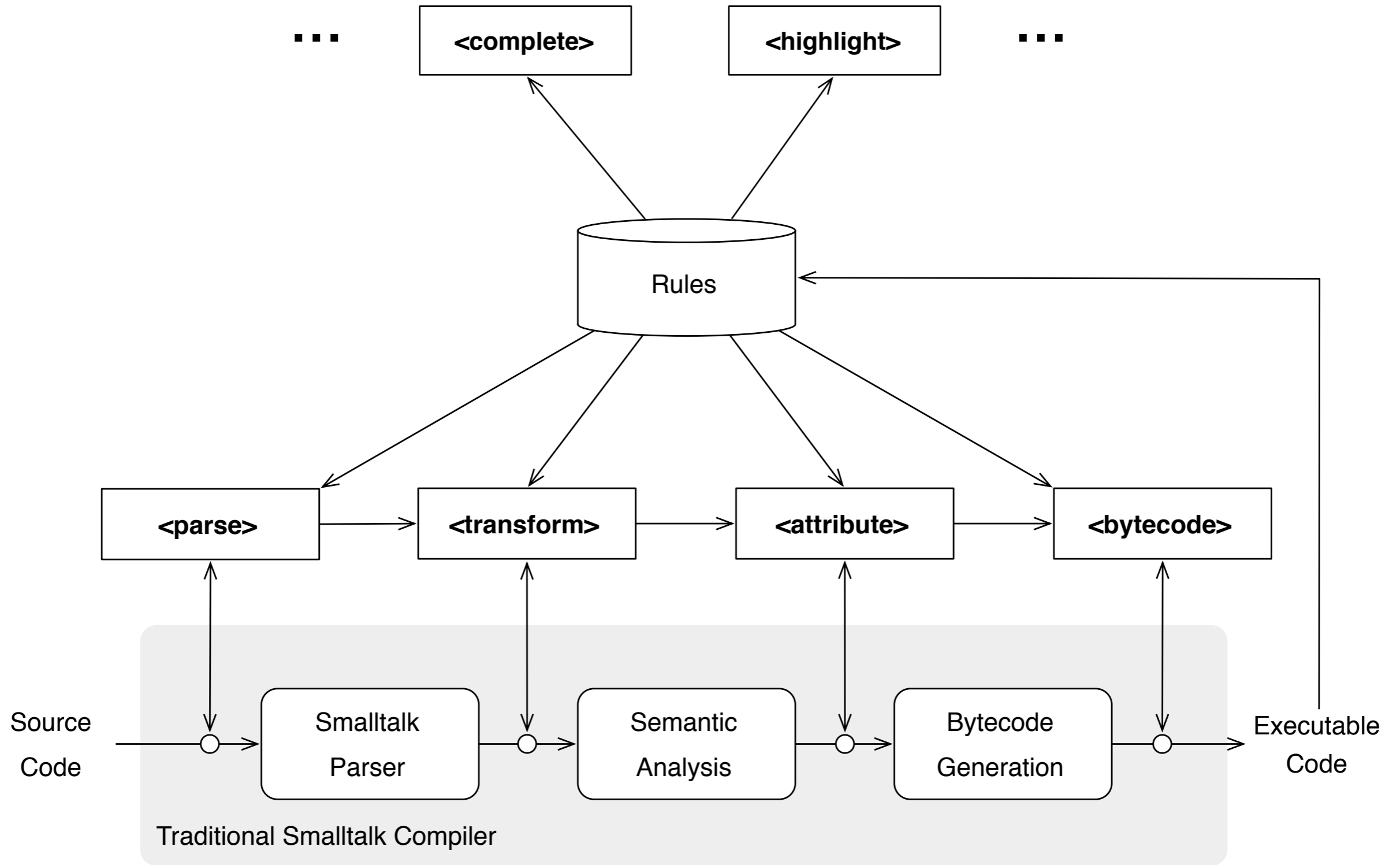
A creole is a new language
formed from the contact of
multiple languages.

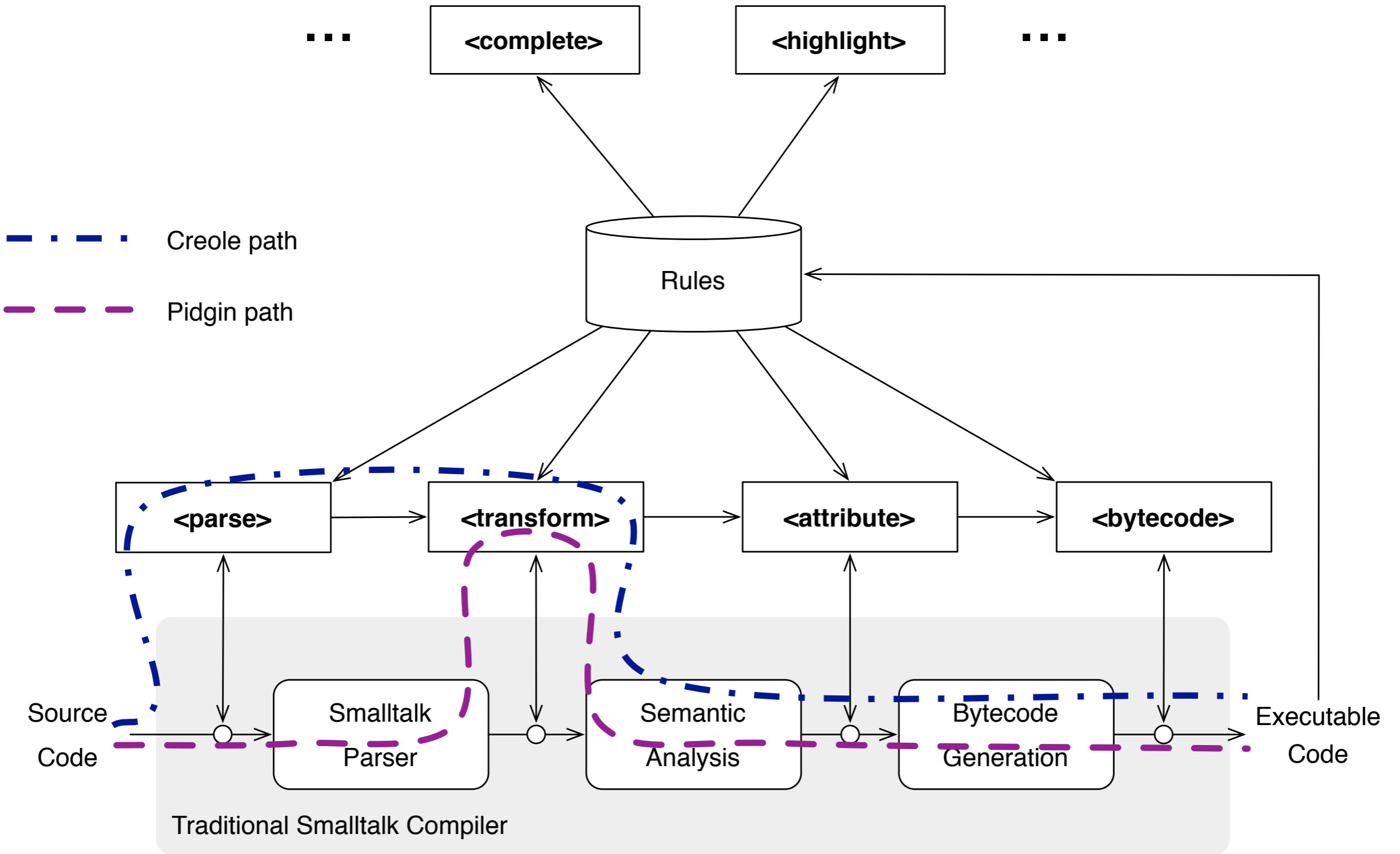


The Helvetia Model



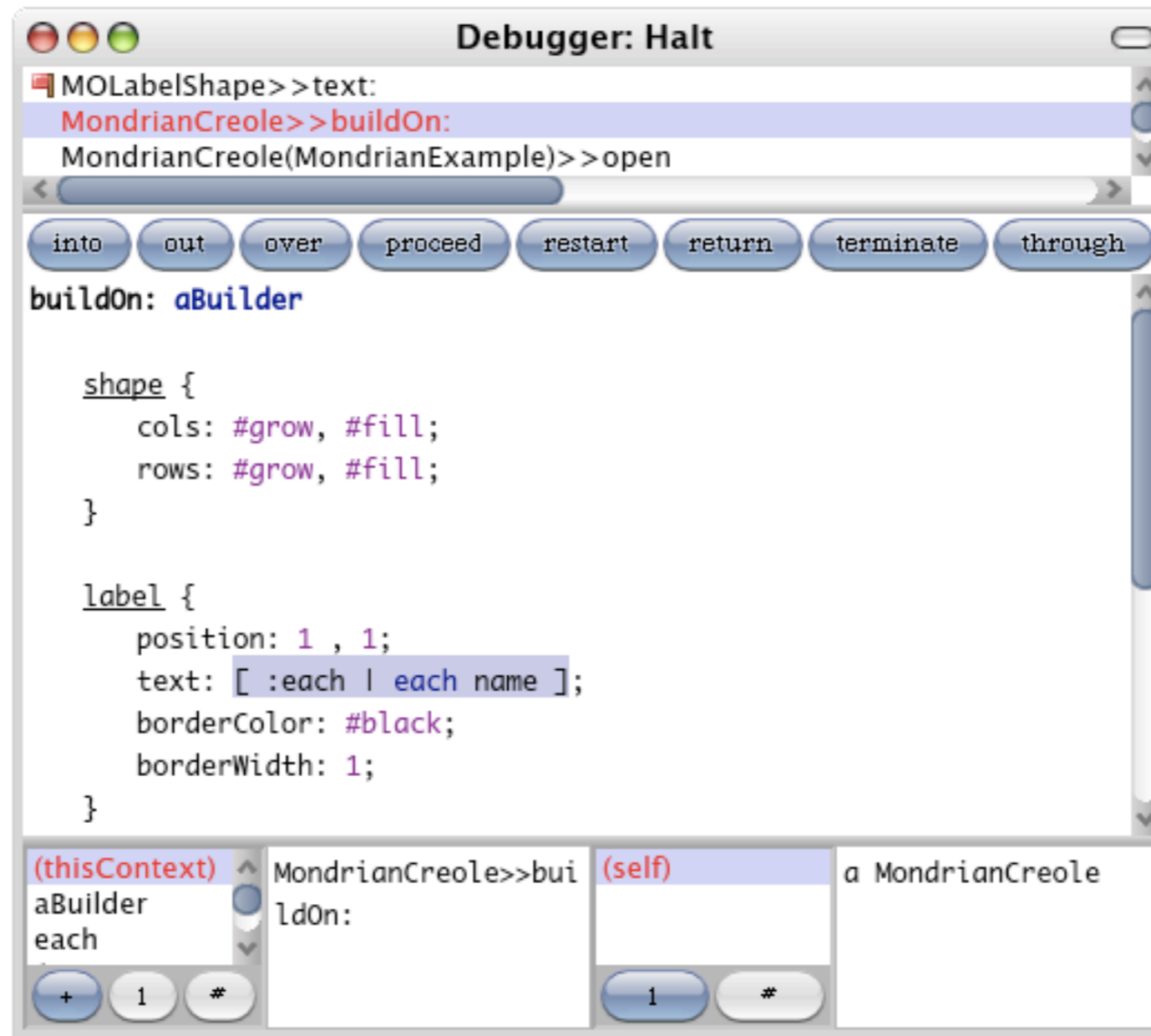






Homogenous Embedding

Homogeneous Tools



IV + VII = XI

, >+++++ [<----->-], [<+>-] < .

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Host Language

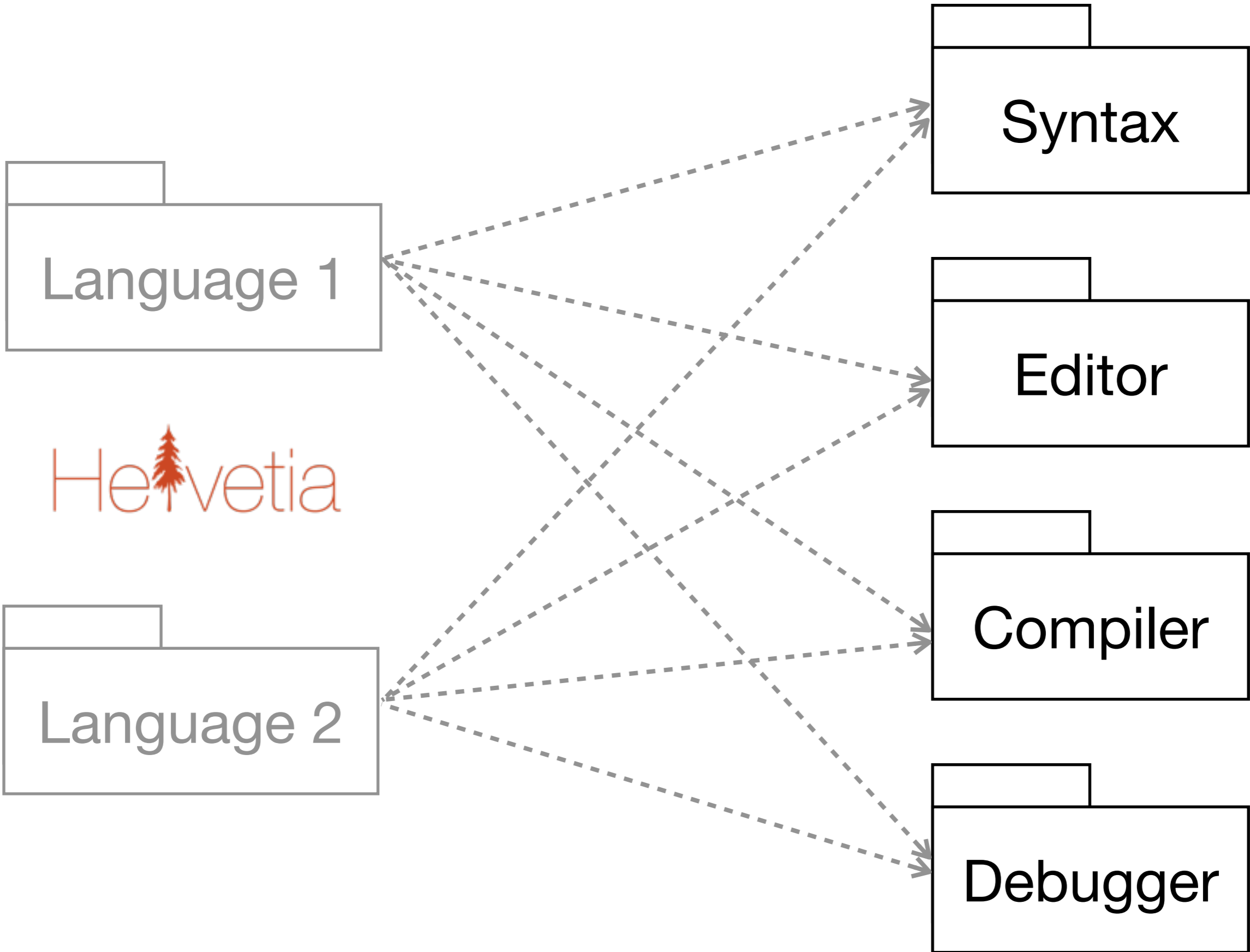
Hei  vetia

Renggli *et al.*
ECOOP 2010

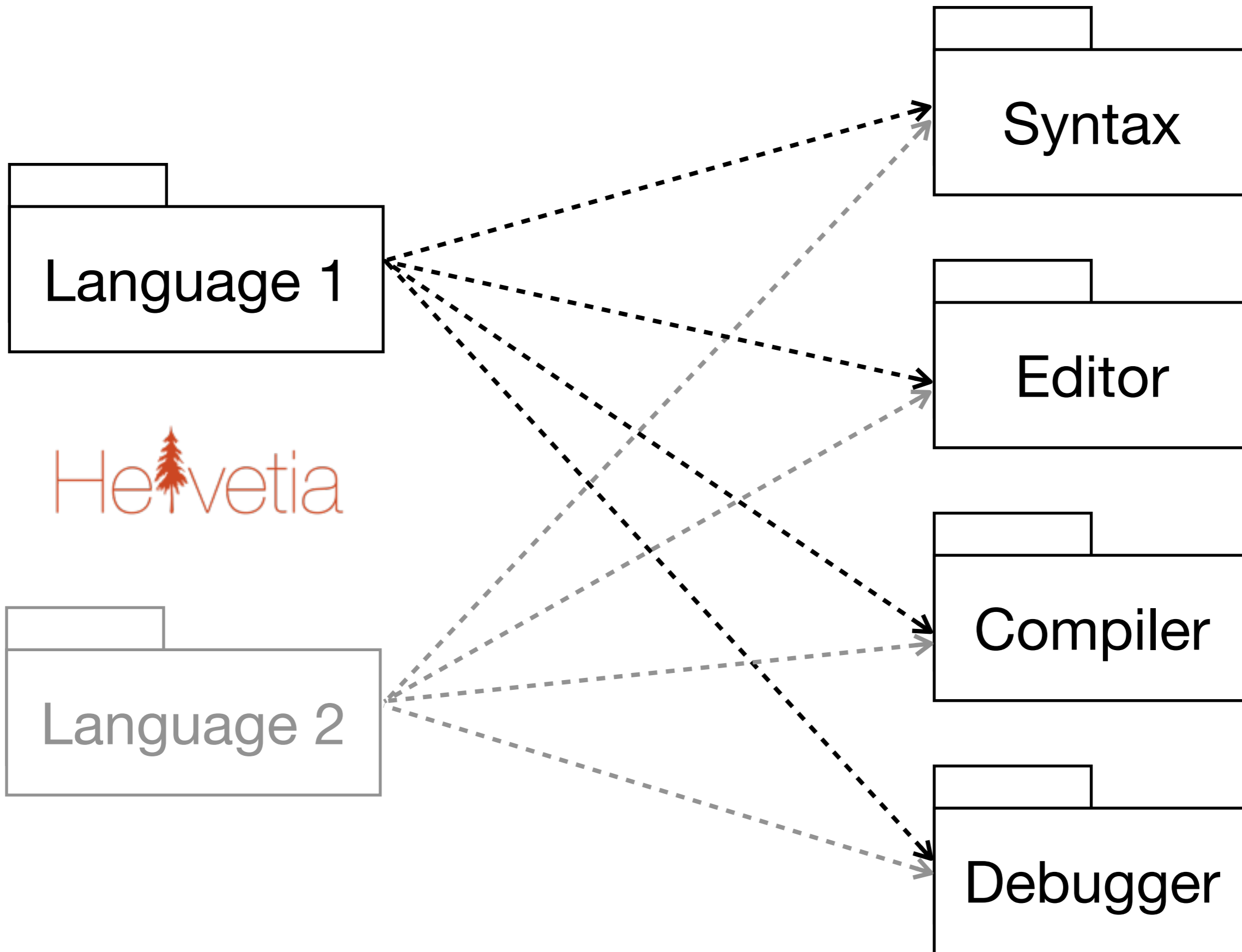
Host Language

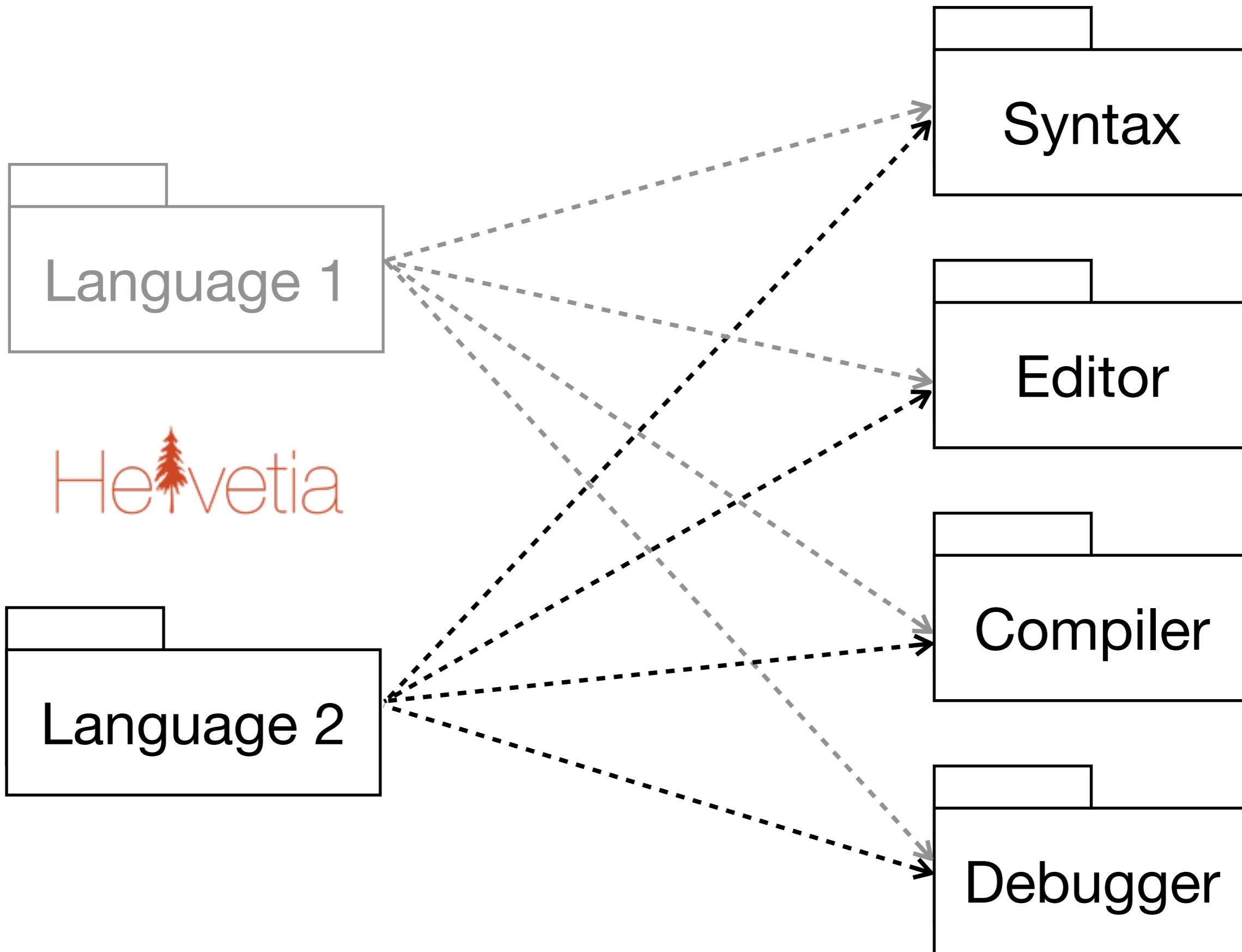
Language Boxes

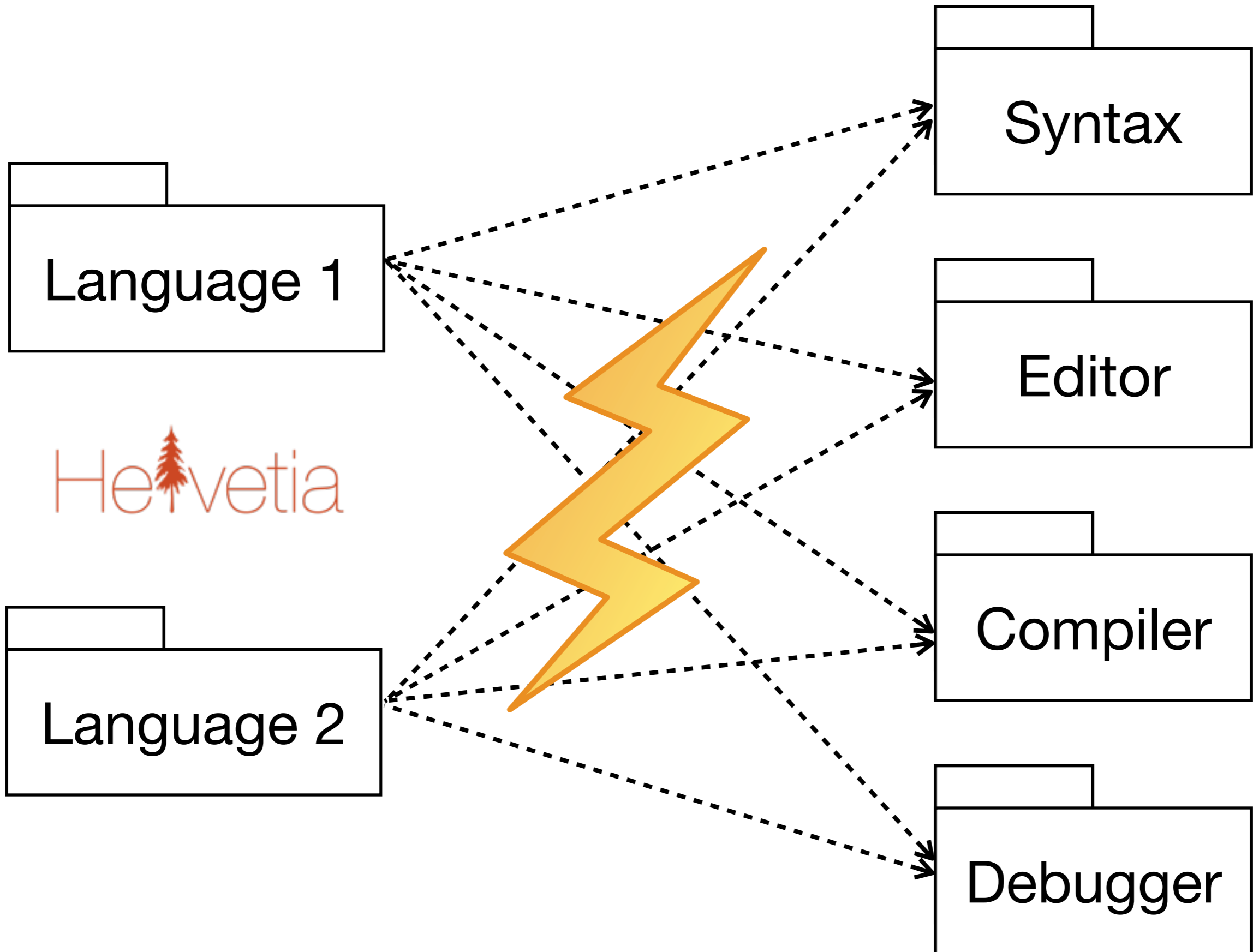
Modular Language Changes

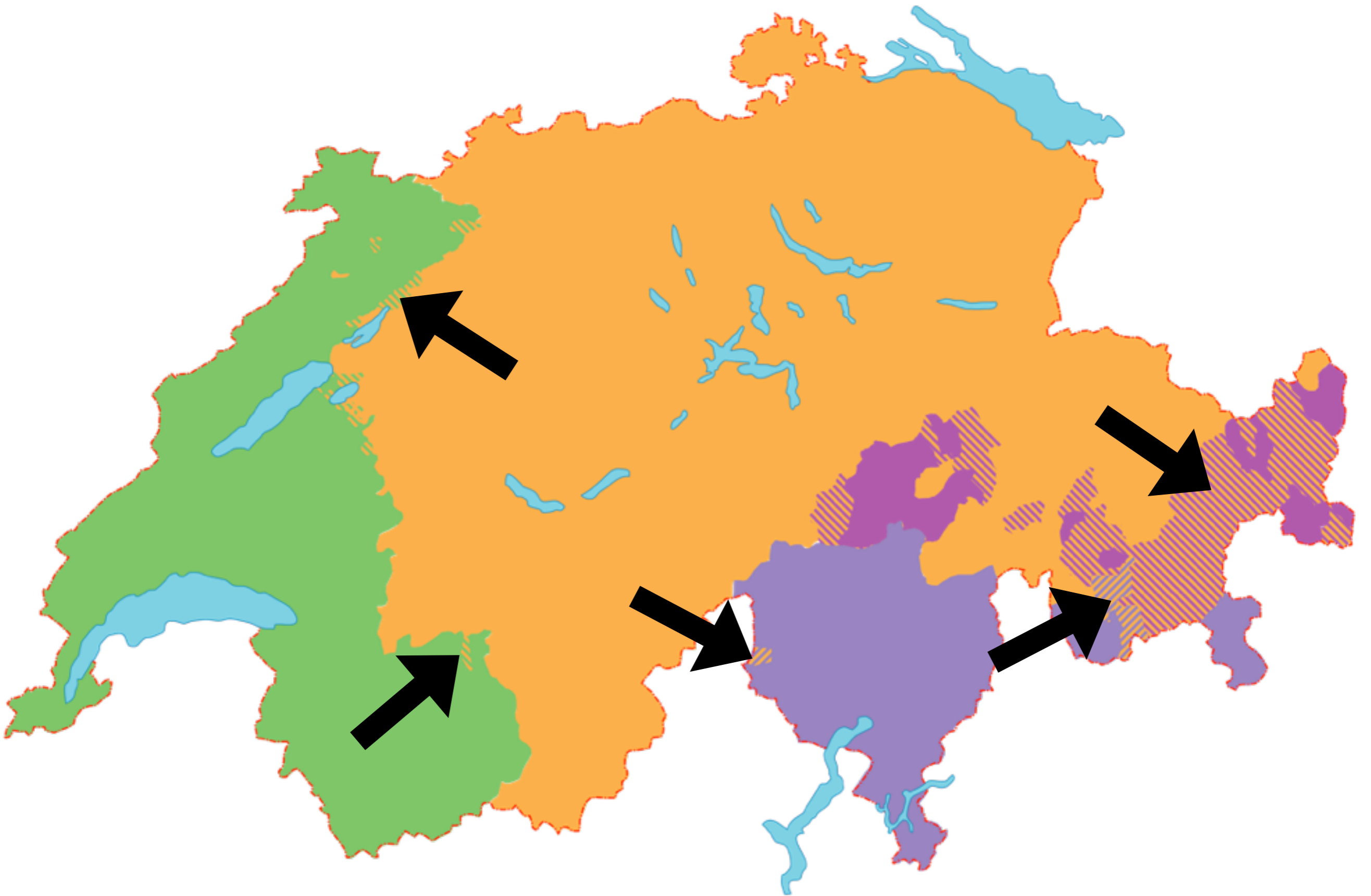


Helvetica

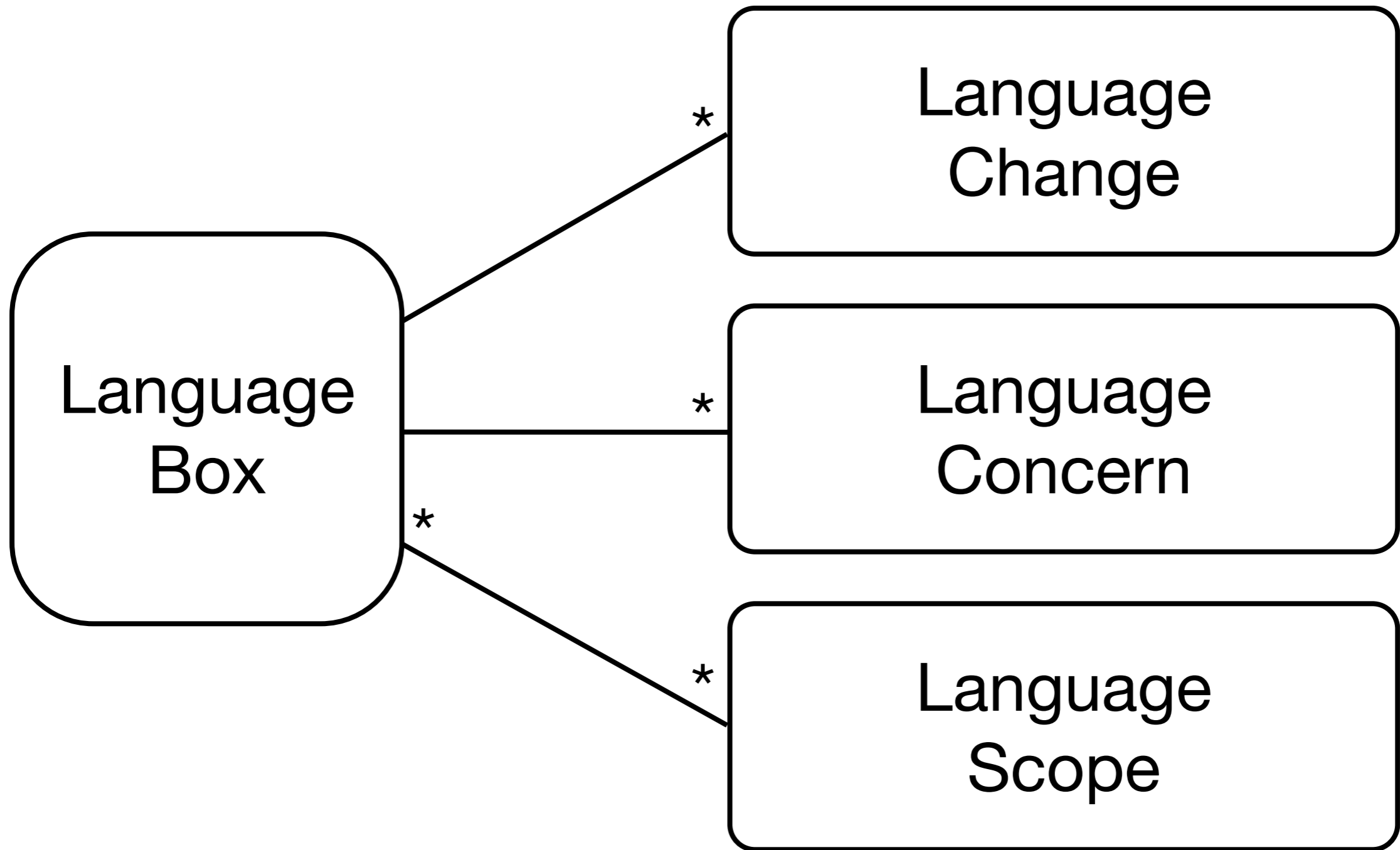


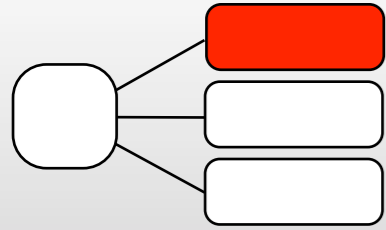






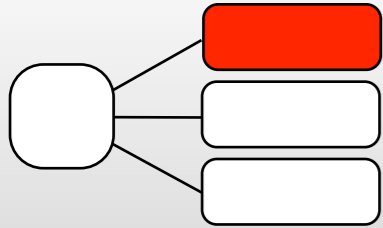
/\w+@\w+\.\w+ /





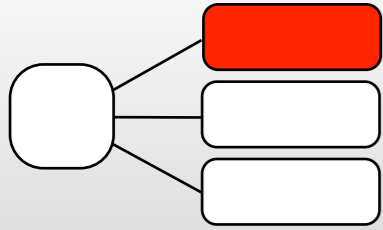
Language Change

High-level Description



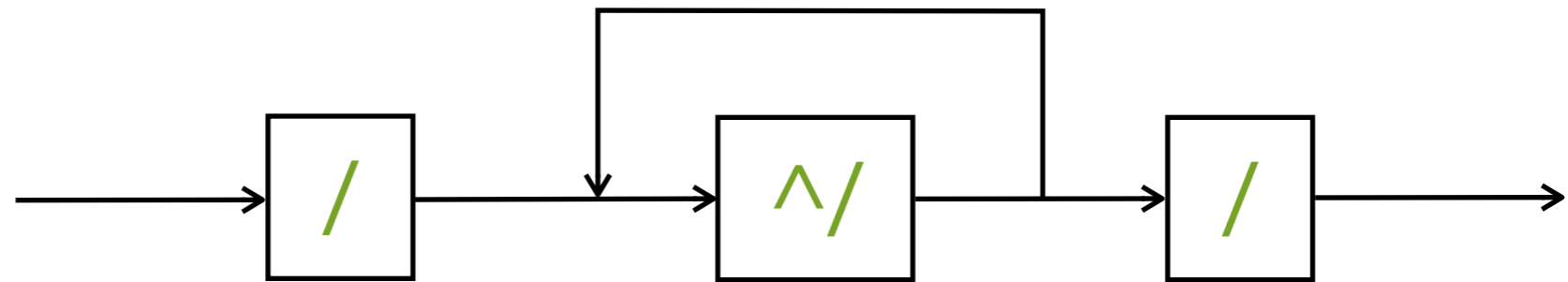
Language Change

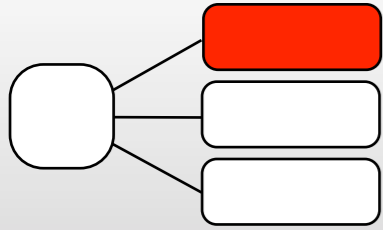
Add **Regex**
as an additional choice
to **Primary**.



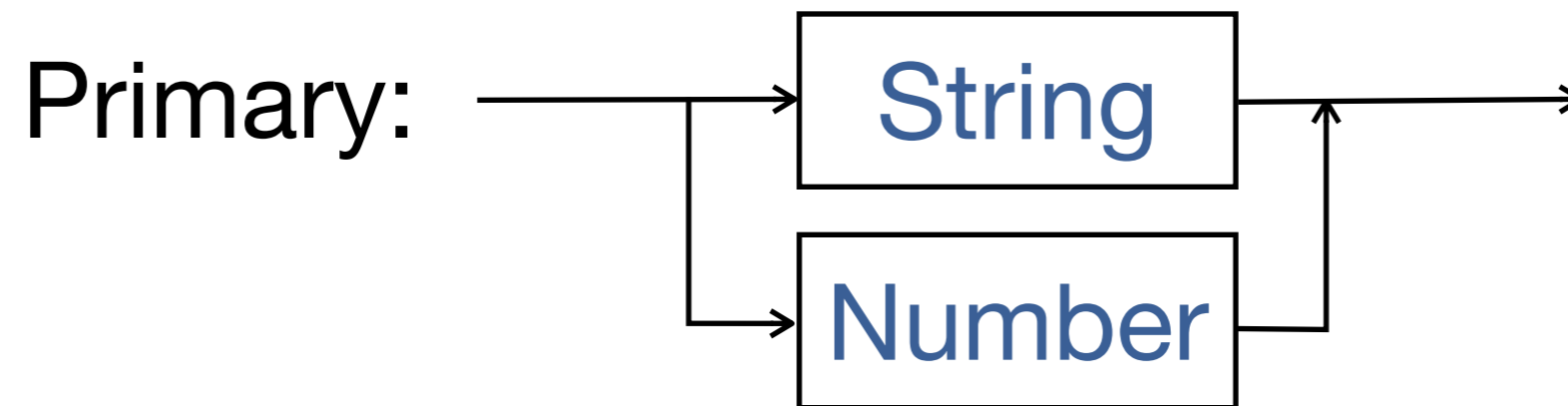
Language Change

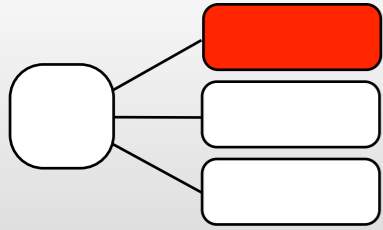
Regex:





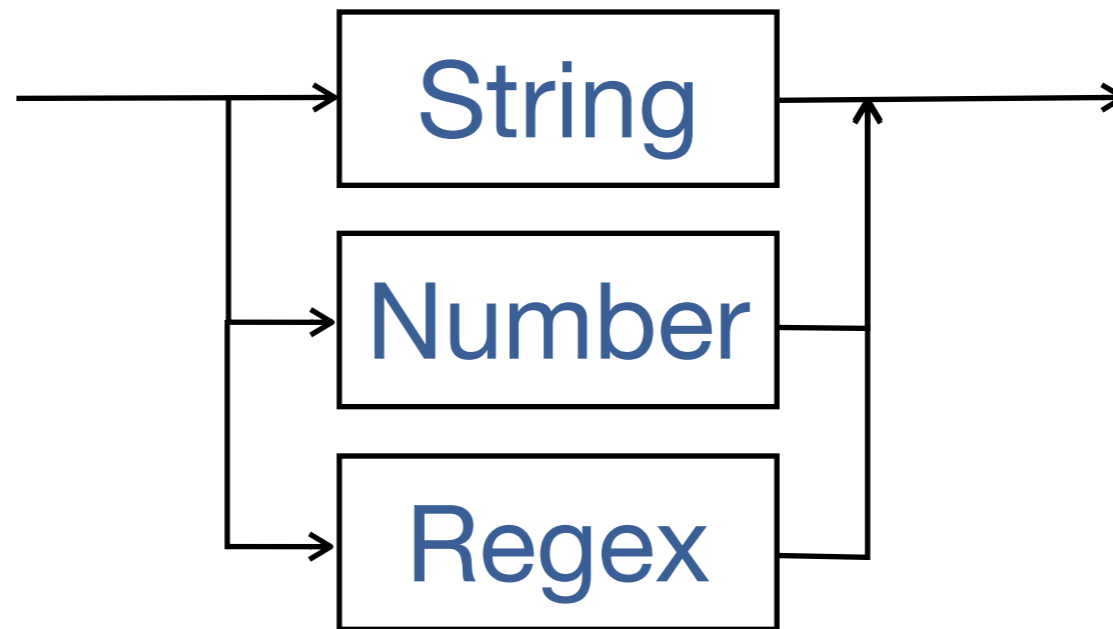
Language Change

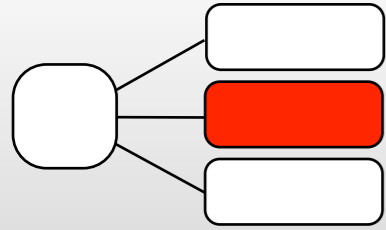




Language Change

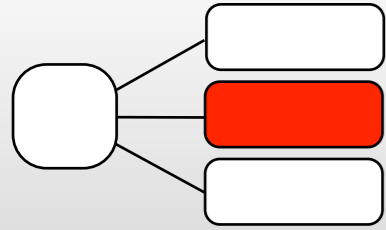
Primary:





Language Concern

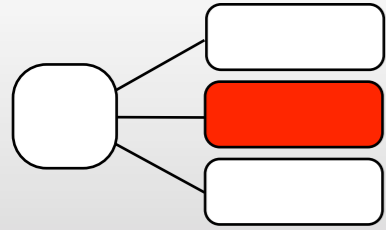
Production Action



Language Concern

Compiler

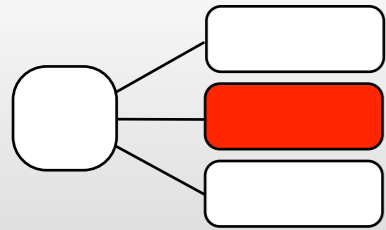
`aToken asRegex lift`



Language Concern

Highlighting

aToken -> Color orange



Language Concern

Custom Inspector

Context Menus

Search

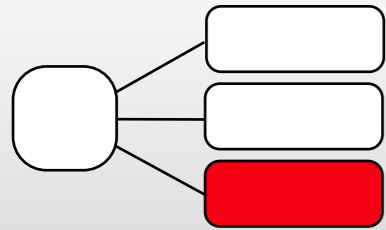
Navigation

Other Concerns

Code Expansion

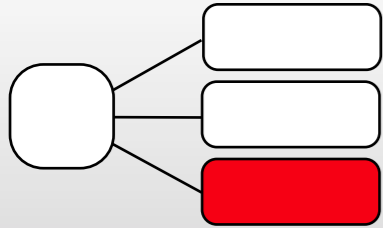
Error Correction

Code Completion



Language Scope

Active?



Language Scope

- ▶ System
- ▶ Packages
- ▶ Classes
- ▶ Methods

The screenshot shows a context menu with the following items:

- file out (o)
- new class template
- run tests (t)
- subclass template
- copy...
- remove class... (x)
- rename...
- browse (b)
- browse hierarchy (h)
- browse package
- browse protocol (P)
- browse references (N)
- chase variables
- language boxes**
- refactor
- refactor class
- refactor class variable
- refactor instance variable
- refactor method
- refactoring scope

To the right of the 'language boxes' item is a sub-menu with three options:

- add...
- remove...
- browse

Multiple Language Extensions

Host Language Grammar

Host Language Grammar



Host Language Grammar



Language
Box 1

Language
Box 2

Language
Box 3

La
B

Host Language Grammar



Custom Host Language Grammar

- ▶ Fine-grained language changes
- ▶ Fine-grained language scoping
- ▶ Composable and reusable model

- ▶ Tool integration (Editor, Debugger)

Language Boxes

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Host Language

Language Boxes

Renggli et al.
SLE 2009

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Host Language

Language Boxes

Hei**ve**tia

Host Language

Dynamic
Grammars

grammar

a set of rules governing what strings are valid or allowable in a [formal] language.

dynamic grammar

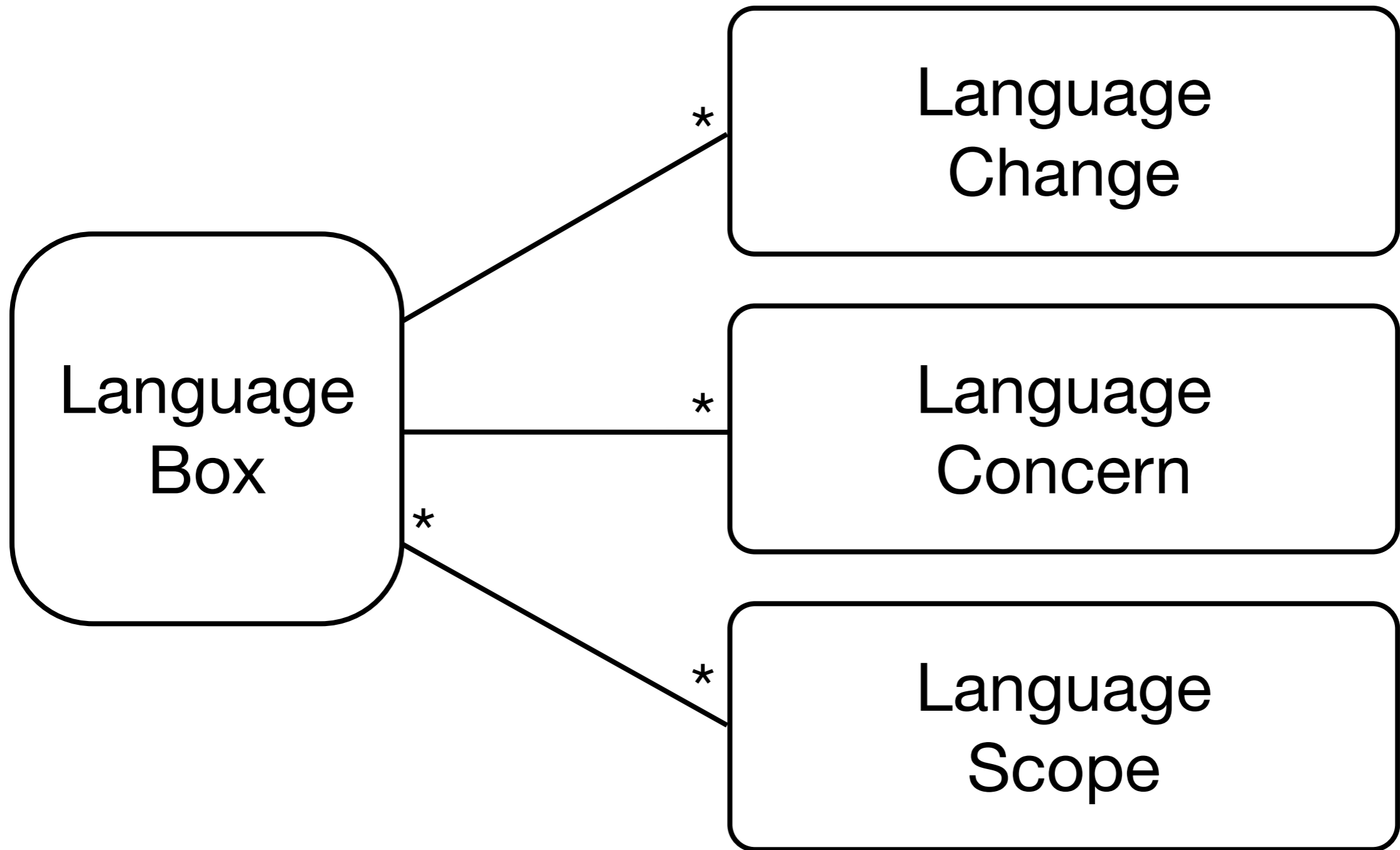
a high-level grammar that executes at runtime behaviors that other grammars perform during compilation, see *dynamic languages*.

Dynamic Grammars

Dynamic Languages

- ▶ Late-bound behavior
- ▶ First-class representation
- ▶ On-the-fly transformation
- ▶ Introspection and reflection

**Why would
we want that?**



Language
Change

= δ Host Language
Grammar

Language
Change

=

Grammar
Transformation

scanIdentifier

`self` step.

```
((currentCharacter between: $A and: $Z) or:  
[ currentCharacter between: $a and: $z ]) ifTrue: [  
  [ self recordMatch: #IDENTIFIER.
```

```
  self step.
```

```
  (currentCharacter between: $0 and: $9)  
or: [ (currentCharacter between: $A and: $Z) or:  
[ currentCharacter between: $a and: $z ] ] ]
```

```
  whileTrue.
```

```
  ^ self reportLastMatch ]
```

scanIdentifier

`self` step.

`((currentChar == 'w' and: $Z) or:`

`[currentChar == '$']) ifTrue: [`

`[self recordMatch]`

`self` step.

`(currentChar == '$' and: $9)`

`or: [(currentChar == '$' and: $Z) or:`

`[currentChar == '$']]]`

`while`

`^ self reportMatch]`

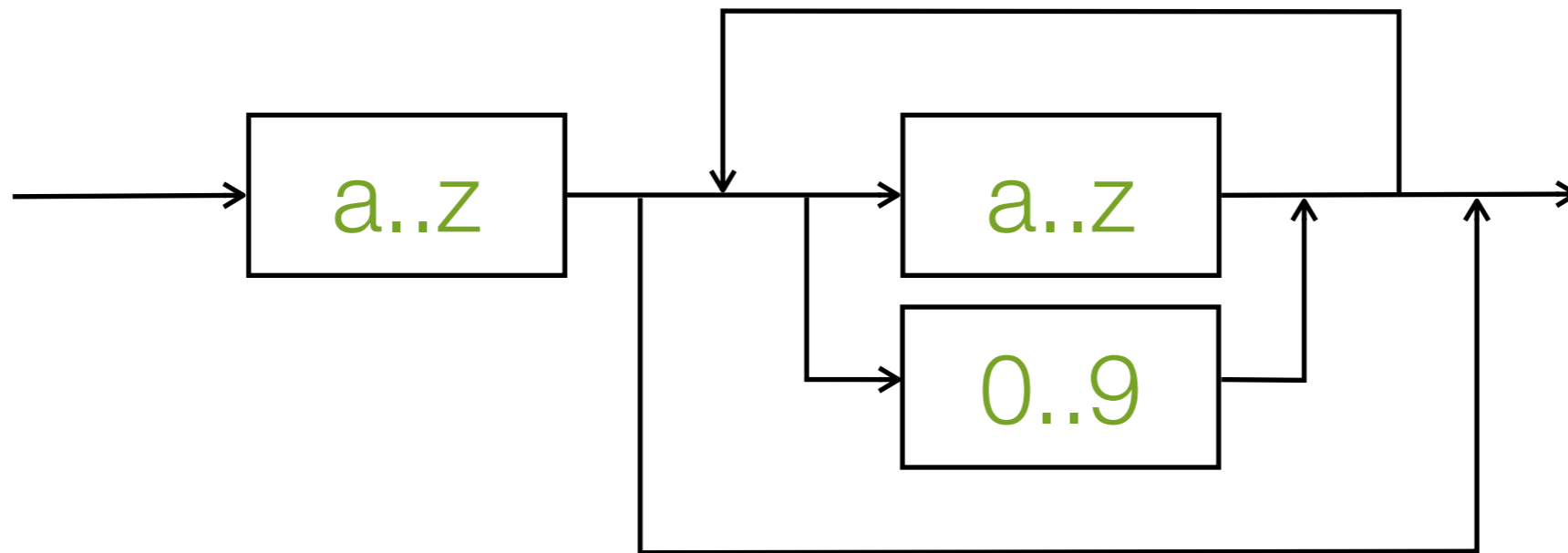
#(#[1 0 9 0 25 0 13 0 34 0 17 0 40 0 21 0 41]
#[1 0 9 0 25 0 13 0 34 0 93 0 76 0 157 0 112]
#[1 2 38 0 21 2 38 0 25 2 38 0 26 0 13 0 34]
#[0 1 154 0 16 0 21 0 25 0 26 0 34 0 40 0 41]
#[0 1 210 0 76 0 81]
#[0 1 214 0 76 0 81]
#[1 0 173 0 76 0 177 0 81]
#[0 1 134 0 16 0 21 0 25 0 26 0 34 0 40 0 41]
#[1 1 46 0 21 1 46 0 25 1 46 0 26 1 69]
#[1 1 54 0 21 1 54 0 25 1 54 0 26 1 54 0 34]
#[0 2 102 0 21 0 25 0 26 0 34 0 40 0 41 0 76]
#[0 2 50 0 21 0 25 0 26 0 76 0 79]
#[1 1 13 0 76 2 85 0 124 1 21 0 125]
#[1 2 89 0 17 2 30 0 21 2 30 0 82]
#[1 2 93 0 21 2 97 0 82])

#(#[1 0 9 0 25 0 13 0 34 0 17 0 40 0 21 0 41]
#[1 0 9 0 25 0 13 0 34 0 93 0 76 0 157 0 112]
#[1 2 38 0 21 0 78 0 25 2 38 0 26 0 13 0 34]
#[0 1 154 0 0 0 0 25 0 0 0 0 0 40 0 41]
#[0 1 210 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
#[0 1 214 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
#[1 0 173 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
#[0 1 134 0 16 0 0 0 0 0 34 0 40 0 41]
#[1 1 46 0 21 0 0 0 0 0 26 1 69]
#[1 1 54 0 25 0 0 0 0 0 1 54 0 34]
#[0 2 102 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 41 0 76]
#[0 2 50 0 0 0 0 26 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
#[1 1 13 0 70 0 0 0 124 1 0 0 25]
#[1 2 89 0 17 0 0 0 21 2 30 0 0 2]
#[1 2 93 0 21 2 97 0 82])

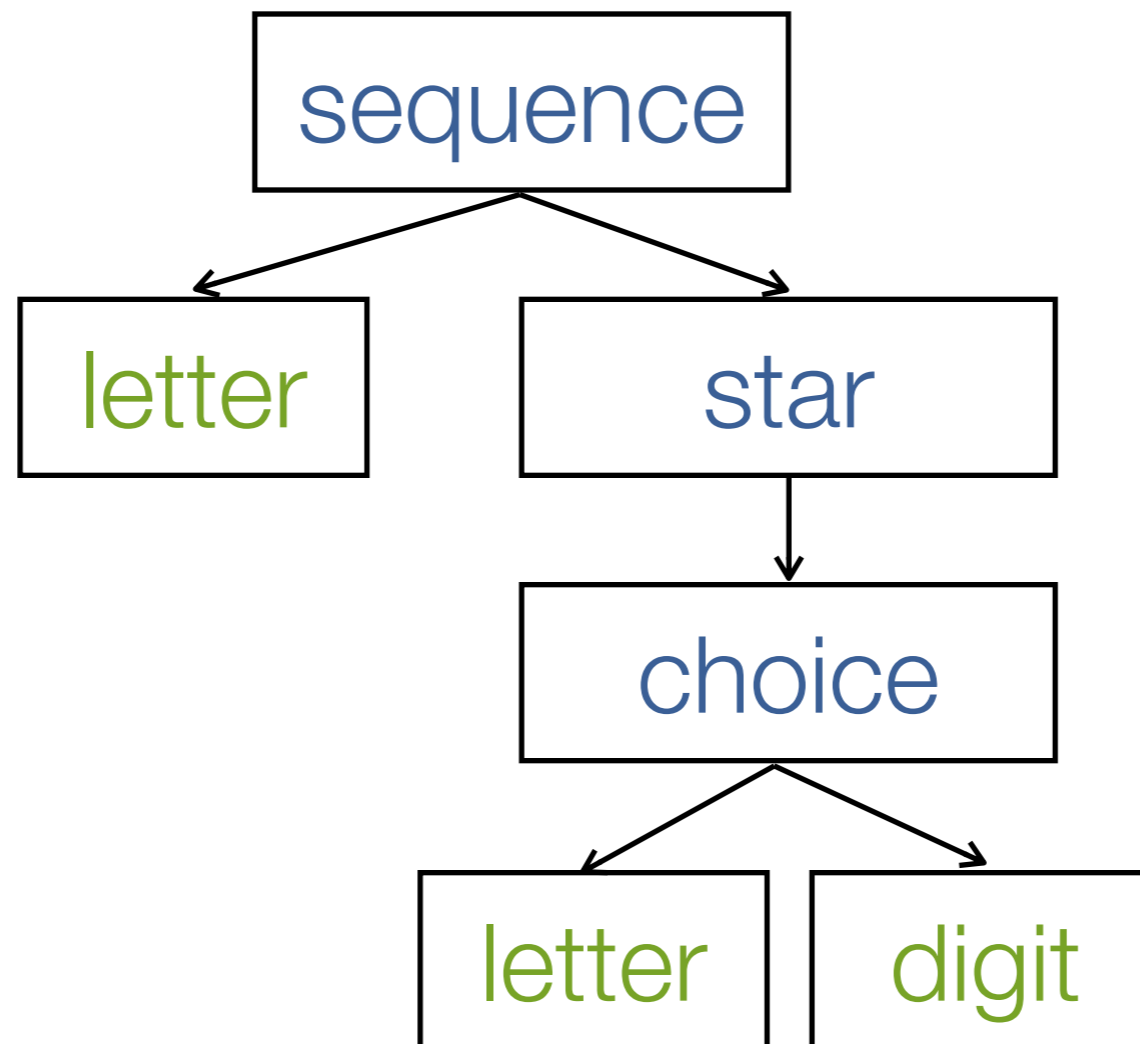
Petit *Parser*

Dynamic Grammars in Smalltalk

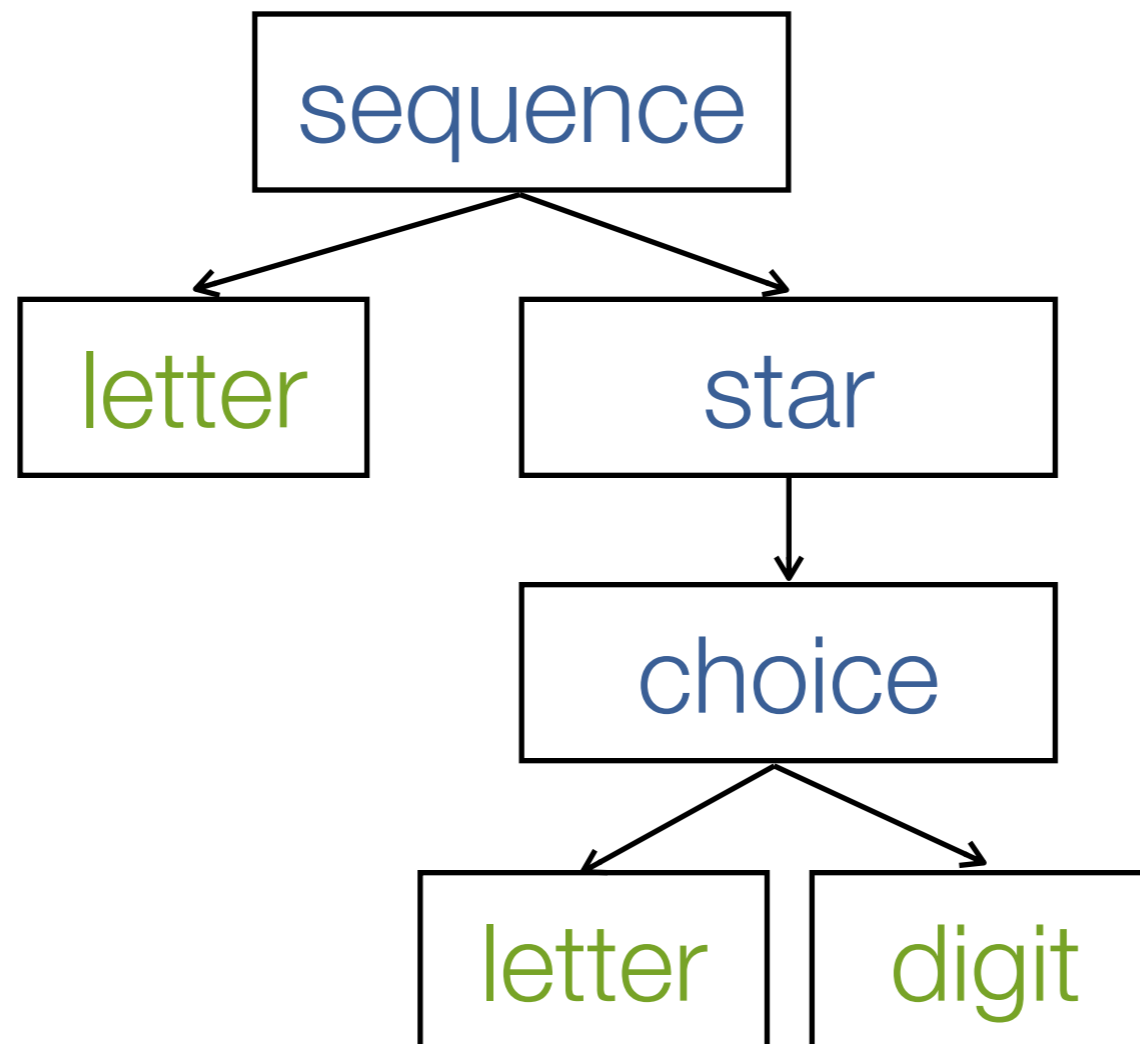
ID ::= letter { letter | digit } ;



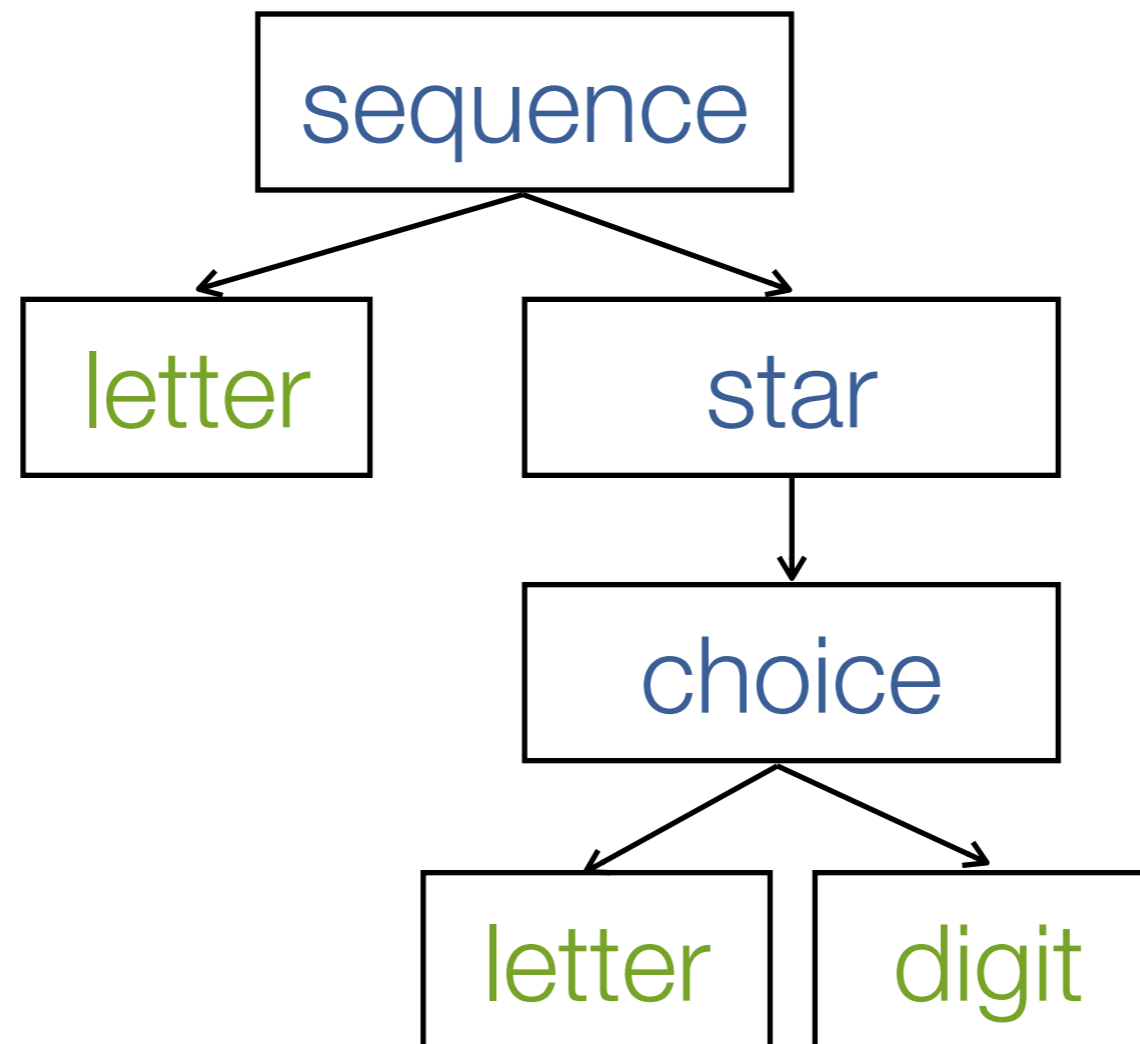
id := #letter , (#letter / #digit) star



id := #letter asParser ,
(#letter asParser / #digit asParser) star



ID ::= letter { letter | digit } ;



Scannerless Parser

Parsing Expression Grammar

Packrat Parser

Parser Combinator

PetitParser

Grammars

- PPArithmeticParser
- PPLambdaParser
- ▶ PPSmalltalkGrammar
- ▶ PPXmlGrammar

Productions

- block
- blockArgument
- blockArguments
- blockArgumentsWith

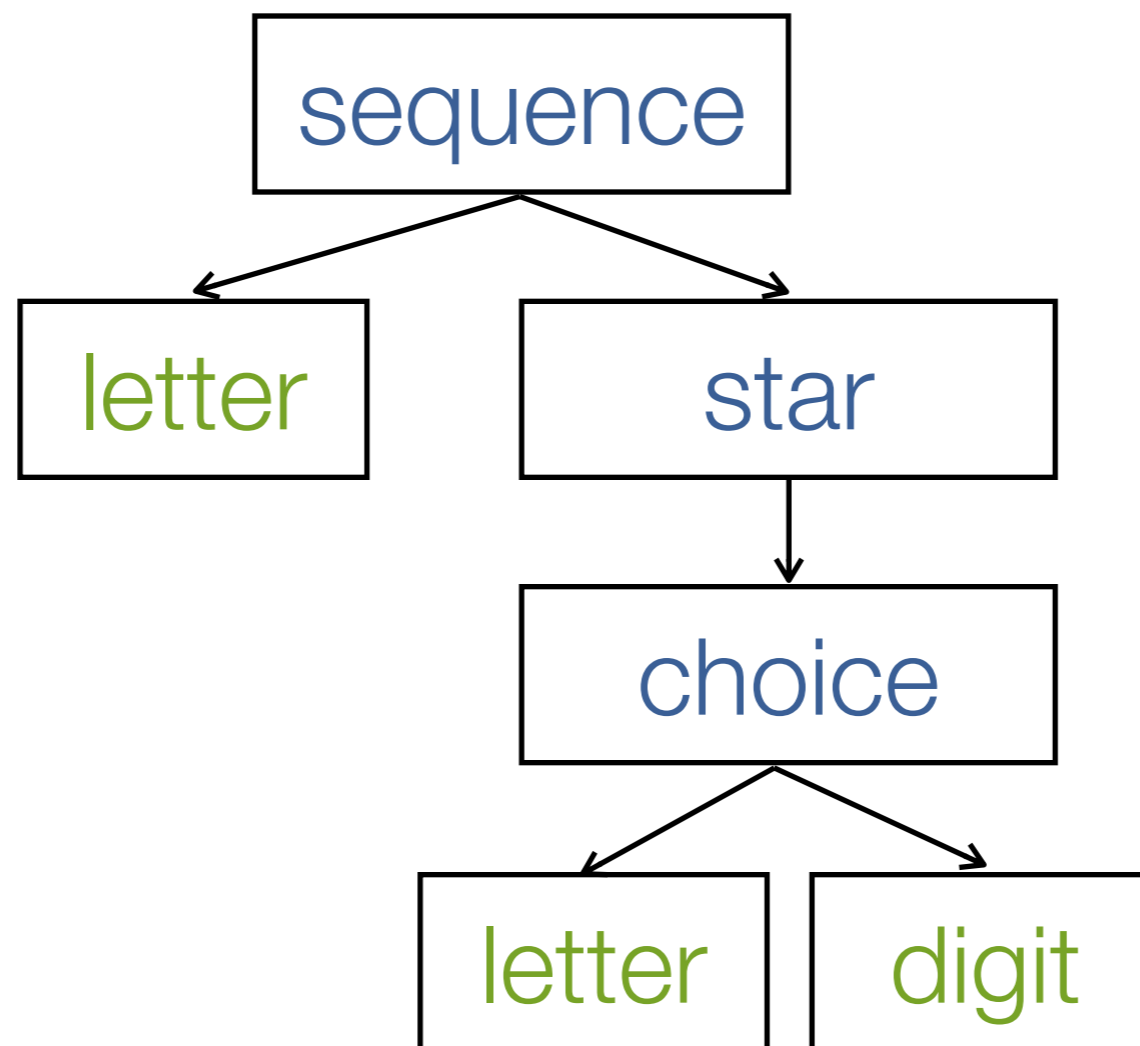
Source Graph Map Cycles First Follow Example Dynamic

block → $\$[$ → **blockBody** → $\$]$ →

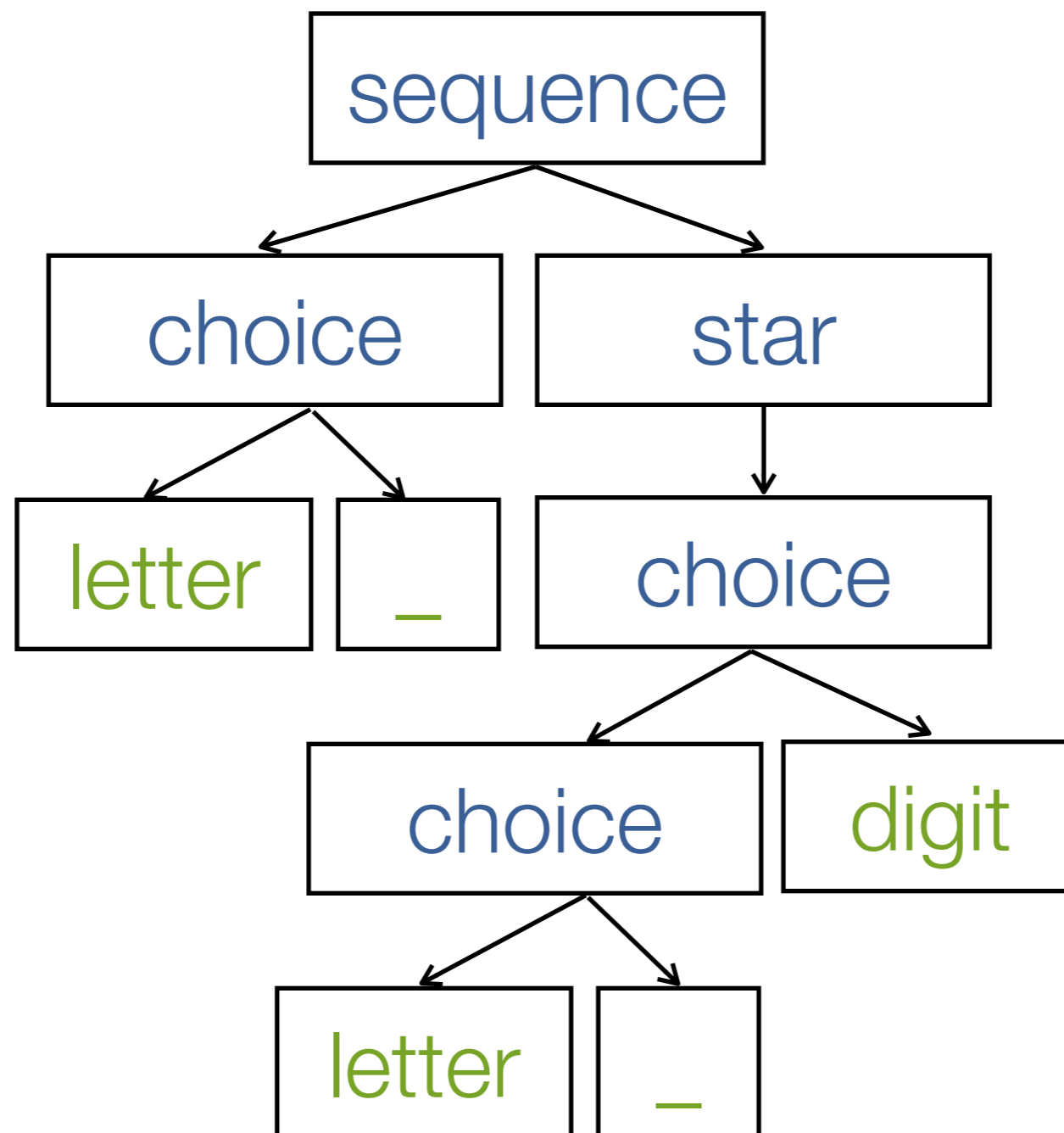
Grammar Transformation

Graph Rewriting

#letter → #letter / \$_

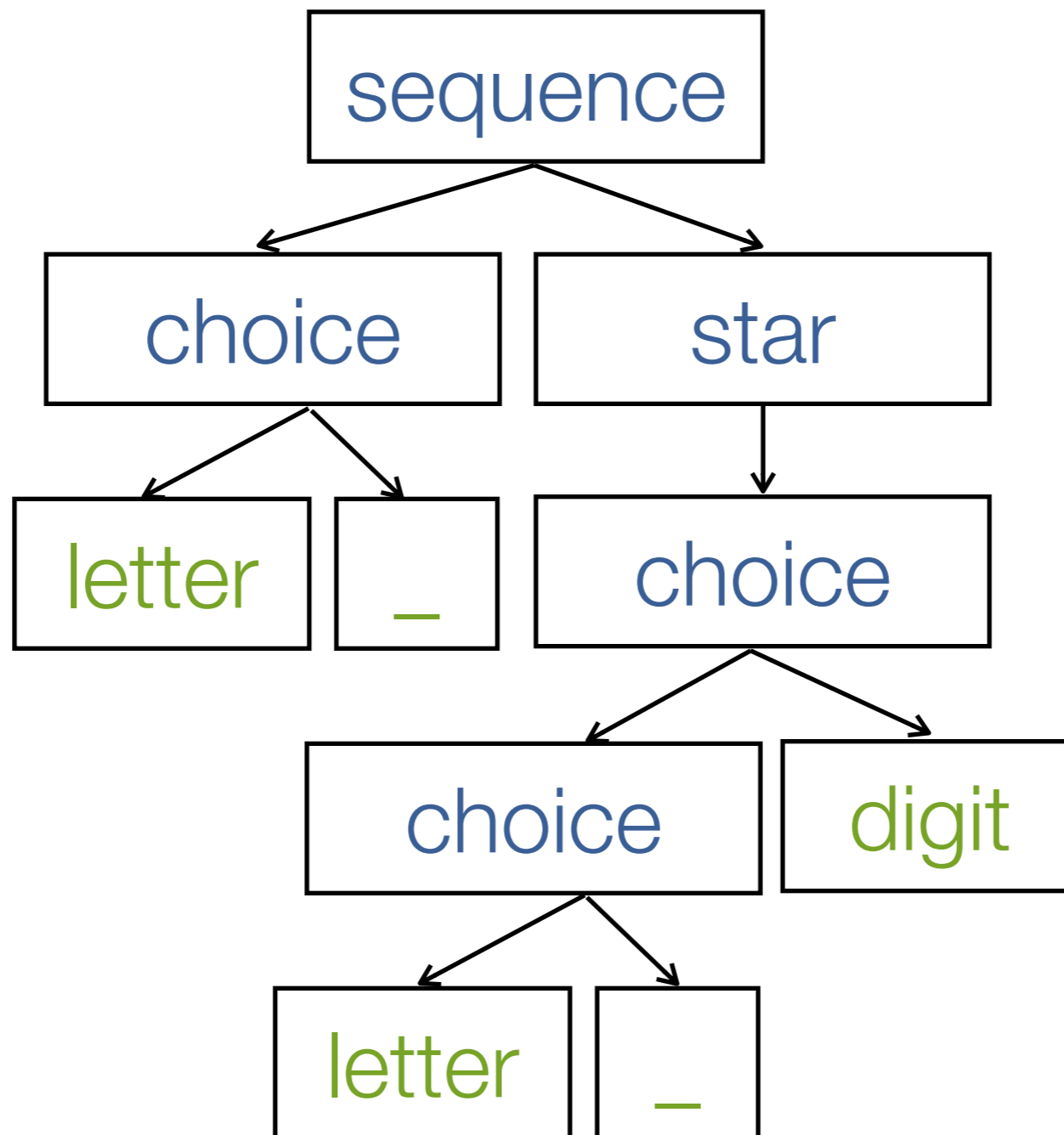


#letter → #letter / \$ _

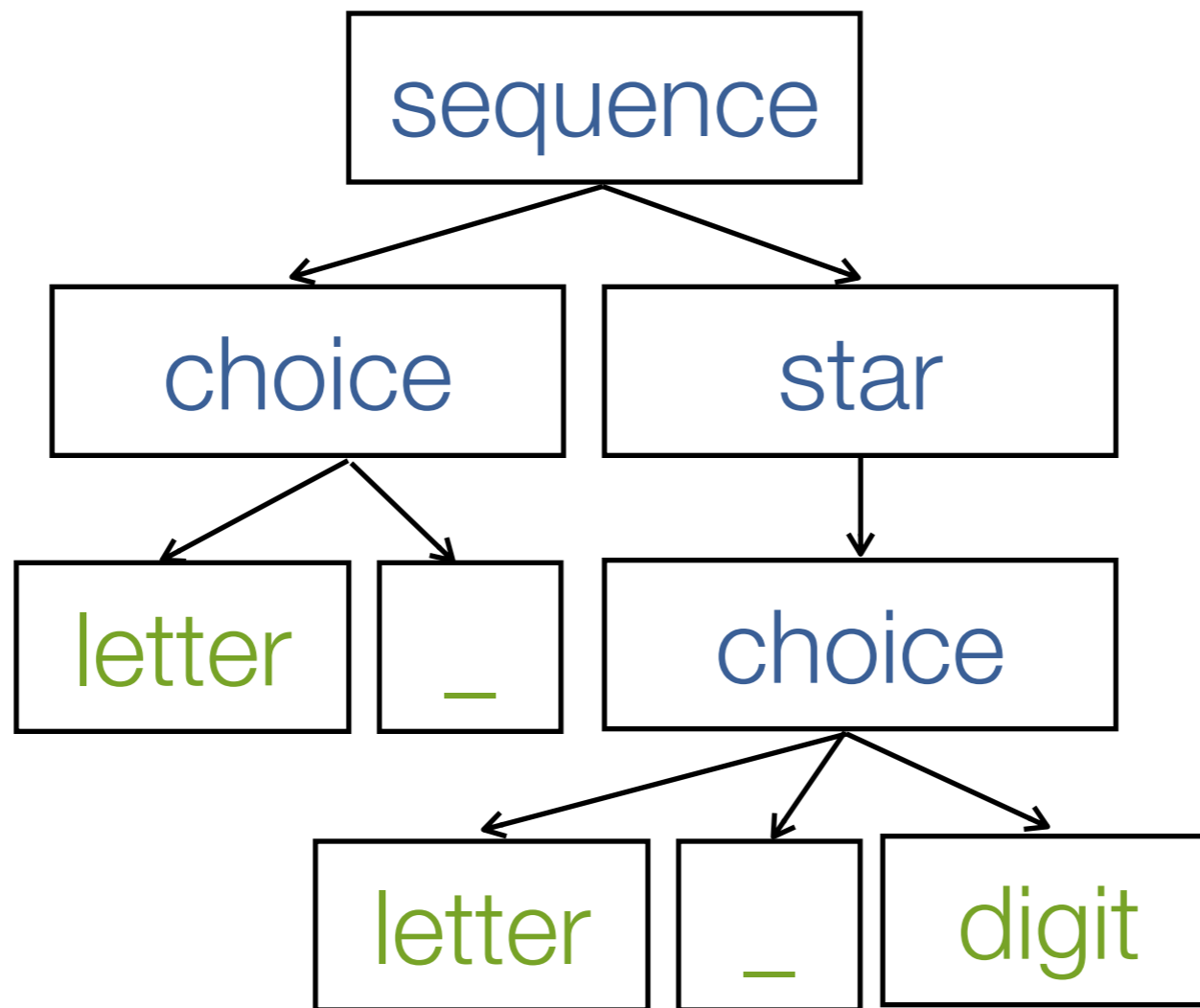


Optimizations

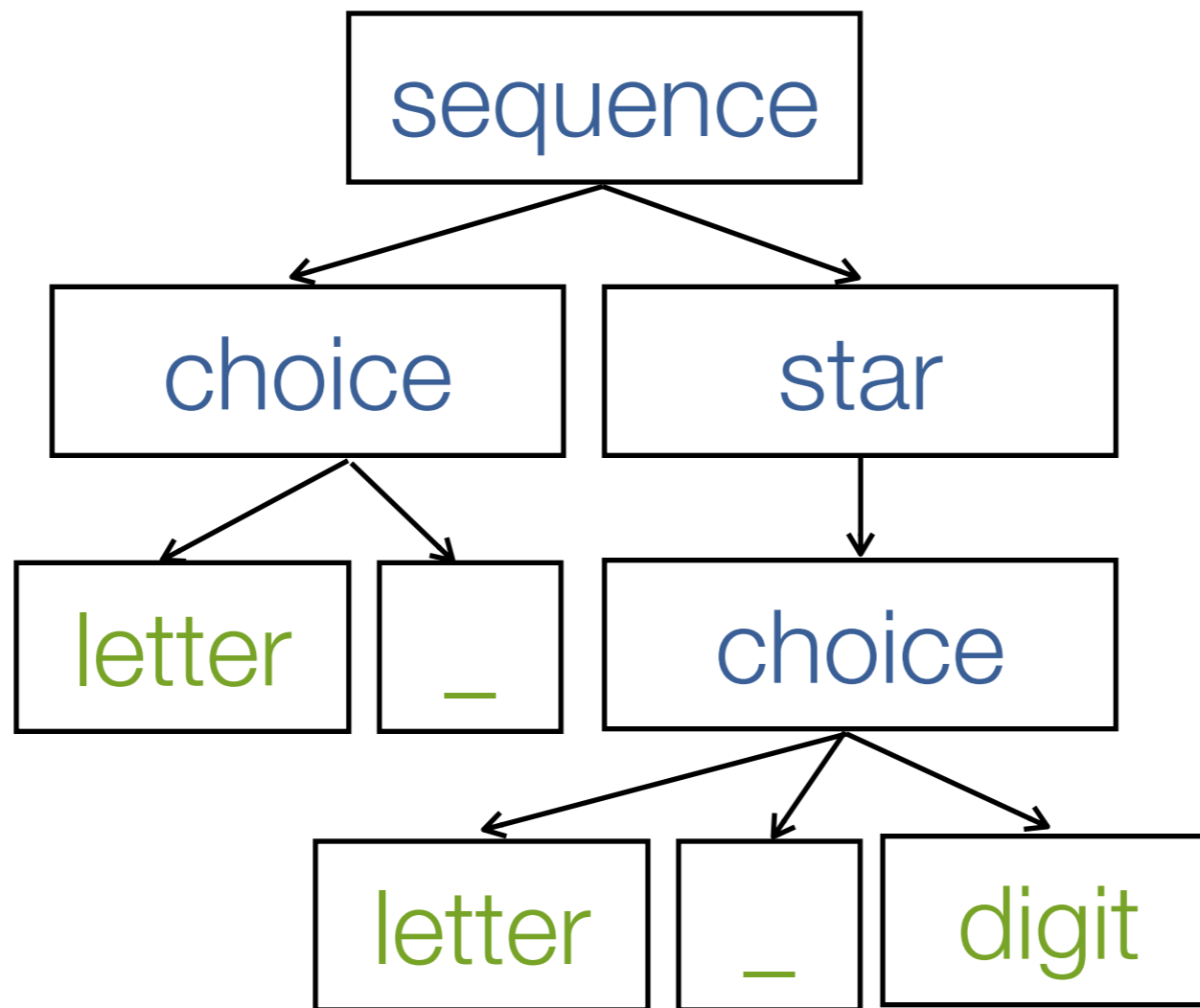
$(\text{'a} / \text{'b}) / \text{'c} \rightarrow \text{'a} / \text{'b} / \text{'c}$



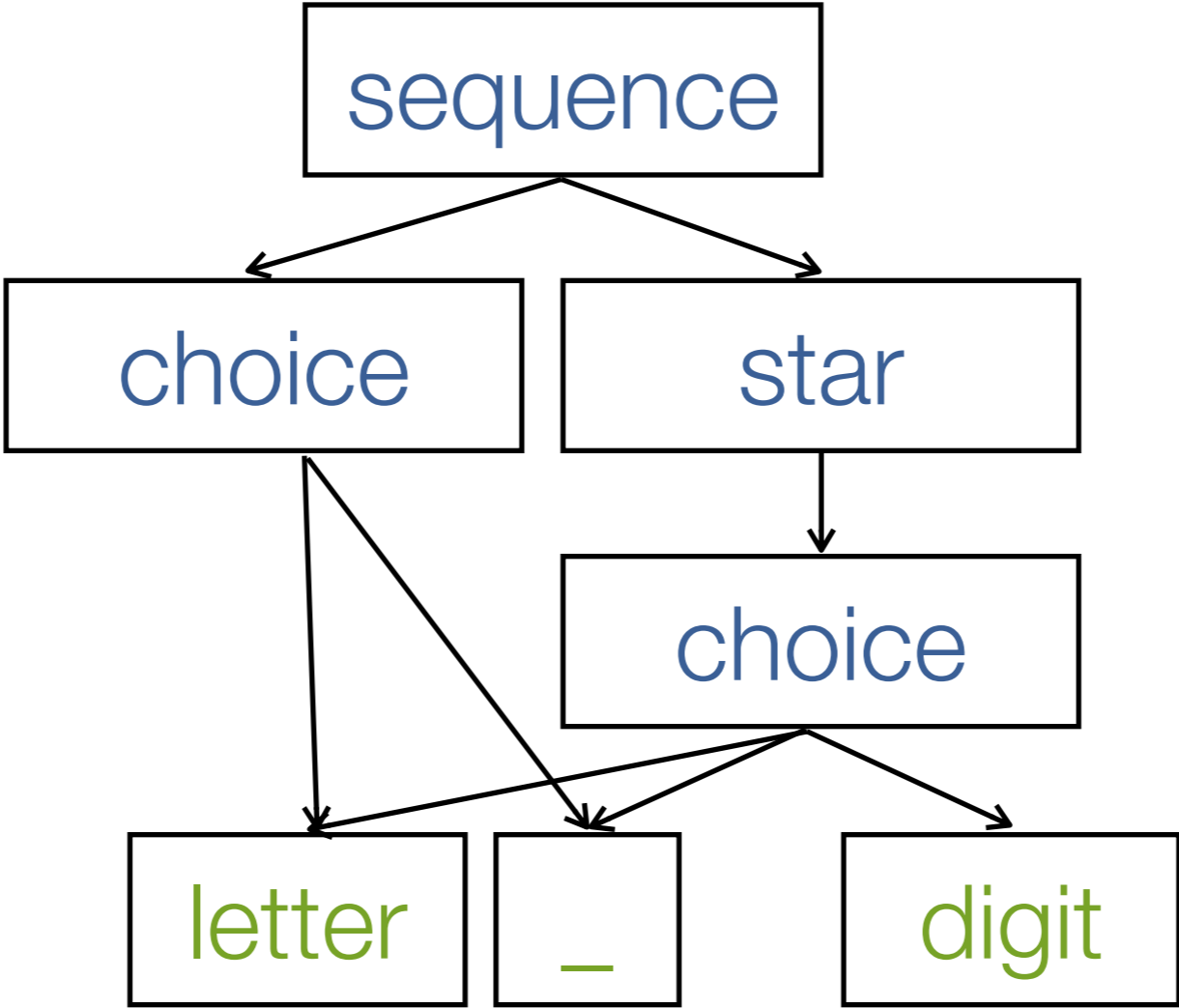
$(\text{'a} / \text{'b}) / \text{'c} \rightarrow \text{'a} / \text{'b} / \text{'c}$



remove duplicates

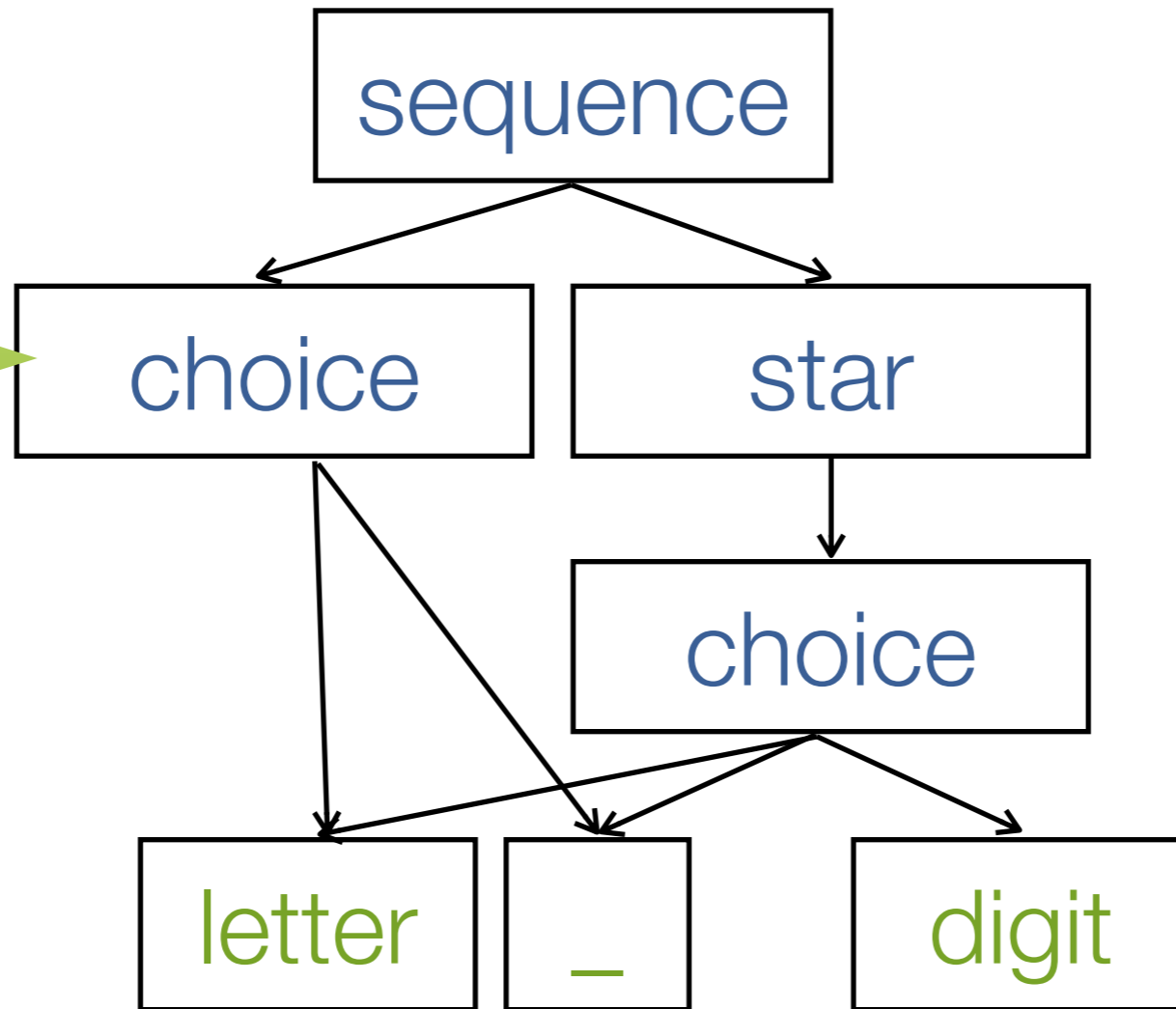


remove duplicates



remove duplicates

in general
a graph



Conflicts?

```
SELECT * FROM users
```

| r |

r := SELECT * FROM users.

^ User fromRow: r

expr | sql



<SQL: SELECT * FROM users>

ordered

expr / sql



No Conflicts

No Ambiguities

surprise

expr / sql



surprise

sql

/

expr



!expr sql / !sql expr

expr | sql

!expr sql / !sql expr / ui

expr \$ sql

Language Boxes

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Host Language

Dynamic
Grammars

Language Boxes

Hei  vetia

Host Language

Renggli et al.
DYLA 2010

Dynamic
Grammars

Embedded Languages

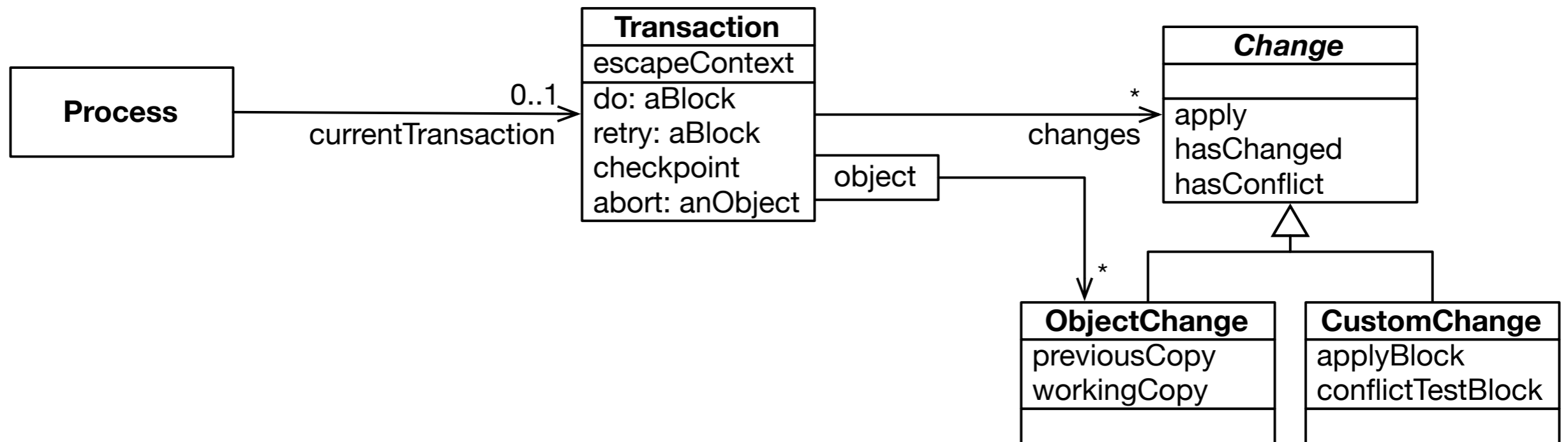
Language Boxes

Hei  vetia

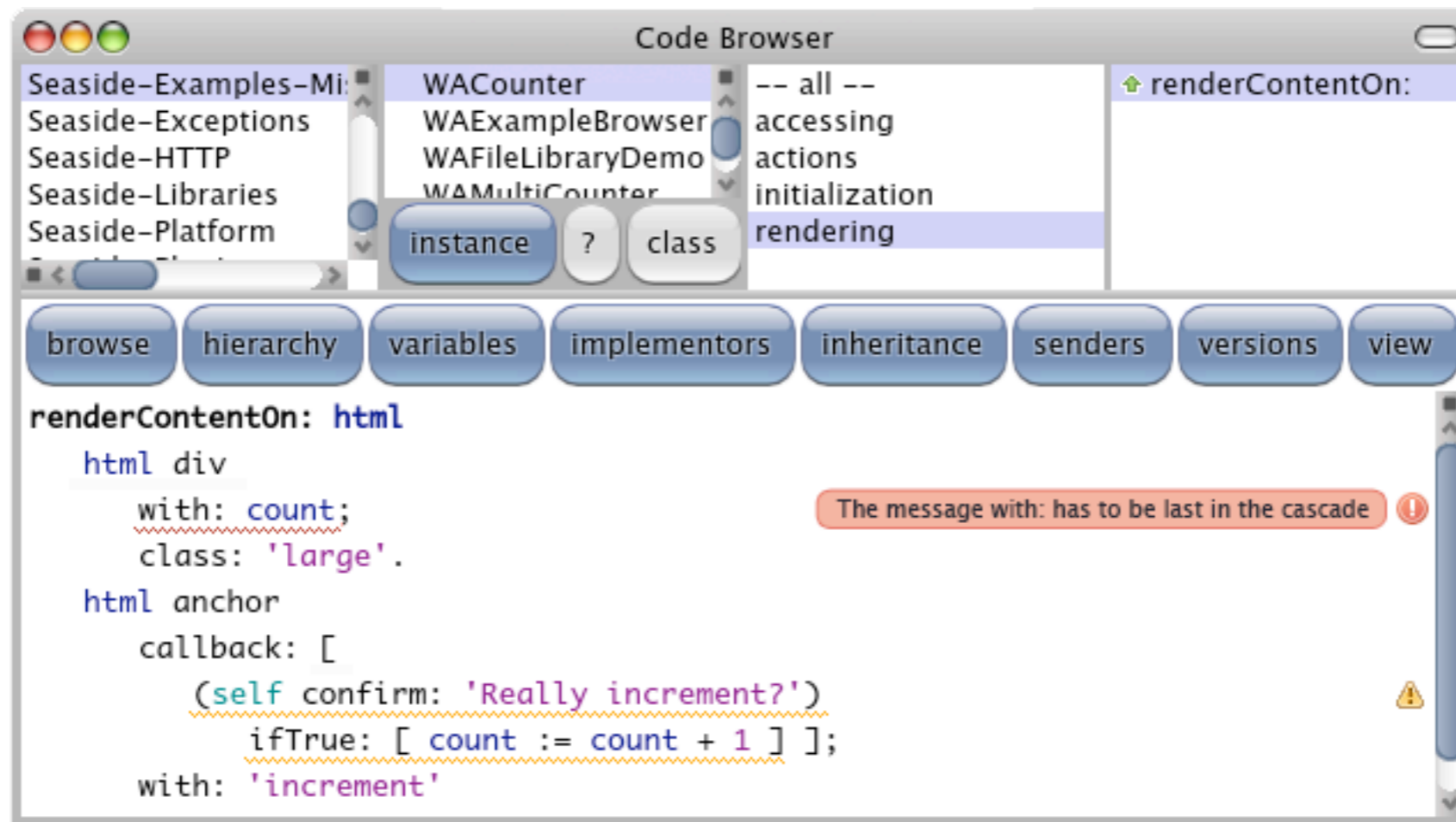
Host Language

Dynamic
Grammars

Transactional Memory



Domain-Specific Program Checking



The screenshot shows the Code Browser application window. The title bar reads "Code Browser". On the left, a sidebar lists project folders: Seaside-Examples-Mi, Seaside-Exceptions, Seaside-HTTP, Seaside-Libraries, and Seaside-Platform. The main area is divided into two panes. The left pane shows a list of classes: WACounter, WAExampleBrowser, WAFileLibraryDemo, and WAMultiCounter. Below this list are buttons for "instance", "?", and "class". The right pane shows a list of categories: "-- all --", "accessing", "actions", "initialization", and "rendering". The "rendering" category is selected. Below the panes is a row of navigation buttons: "browse", "hierarchy", "variables", "implementors", "inheritance", "senders", "versions", and "view". The main code editor displays the following code:

```
renderContentOn: html
  html div
    with: count;
    class: 'large'.
  html anchor
    callback: [
      (self confirm: 'Really increment?')
      ifTrue: [ count := count + 1 ];
    with: 'increment'
```

A warning message is displayed in a red box: "The message with: has to be last in the cascade". A yellow warning icon is visible in the bottom right corner of the code editor.

Meta-Programming Facilities

```
`(`,(aString) asRegex)
```

The LISP stuff,
for a cool language

Renggli et al.
CLSS 2009

Renggli et al.
IWST 2009

Nierstrasz et al.
LNCS 2009

Renggli et al.
TOOLS 2010

Language Extensions

Language Boxes

Hei**ve**tia

Host Language

Dynamic
Grammars

He  vetia

scg.unibe.ch/research/helvetia