

# Smalltalk in the Cloud

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# Abstract

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**Cloud Foundry is the open "Platform as a Service" (PaaS) project initiated by VMware. It can support multiple frameworks, multiple cloud providers, and multiple application services all on a cloud scale platform.**

**In this presentation we show how Smalltalk can fit in this environment.**

# Agenda

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- Overview of Cloud Foundry (corporate marketing slides)
- Smalltalk use described with demo
- Experience report from Tim Felgentreff at HPI

# Hosting Options

What is provided by vendor:

Type	Utilities	Hardware	Stack	Applications
Self-hosting				
Data center	✓			
IaaS	✓	✓		
PaaS	✓	✓	✓	
SaaS	✓	✓	✓	✓

**Utilities:** Network, power, A/C

**Hardware:** CPU, RAM, disk

**Stack:** operating system, web server, database, runtime, framework

**Application:** this is the programmer's concern

# Introducing Cloud Foundry™ The Open Platform as a Service



March 2012

[www.cloudfoundry.com](http://www.cloudfoundry.com)

vmware®



## *The Open Platform as a Service*

**Deploy and scale applications in  
seconds, without locking yourself  
into a single cloud**

**Simple, Open,  
Flexible, Scalable**



# Cloud Foundry open Platform as a Service

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*The PaaS of choice for the Cloud era*

## Simple

- Lets developers focus on their code and not wiring middleware

## Open

- Avoid lock-in to specific cloud, frameworks or service
- Completely open source from day one



## Flexible and Scalable

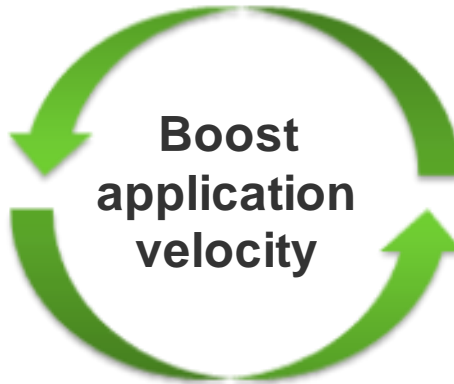
- Self service, deploy and scale your applications in seconds
- Extensible architecture to “digest” future cloud innovation



# Cloud Foundry – key audiences

## IT Developers

*“Write code, not tickets”*



## IT Operations

*“IT as a service provider”*

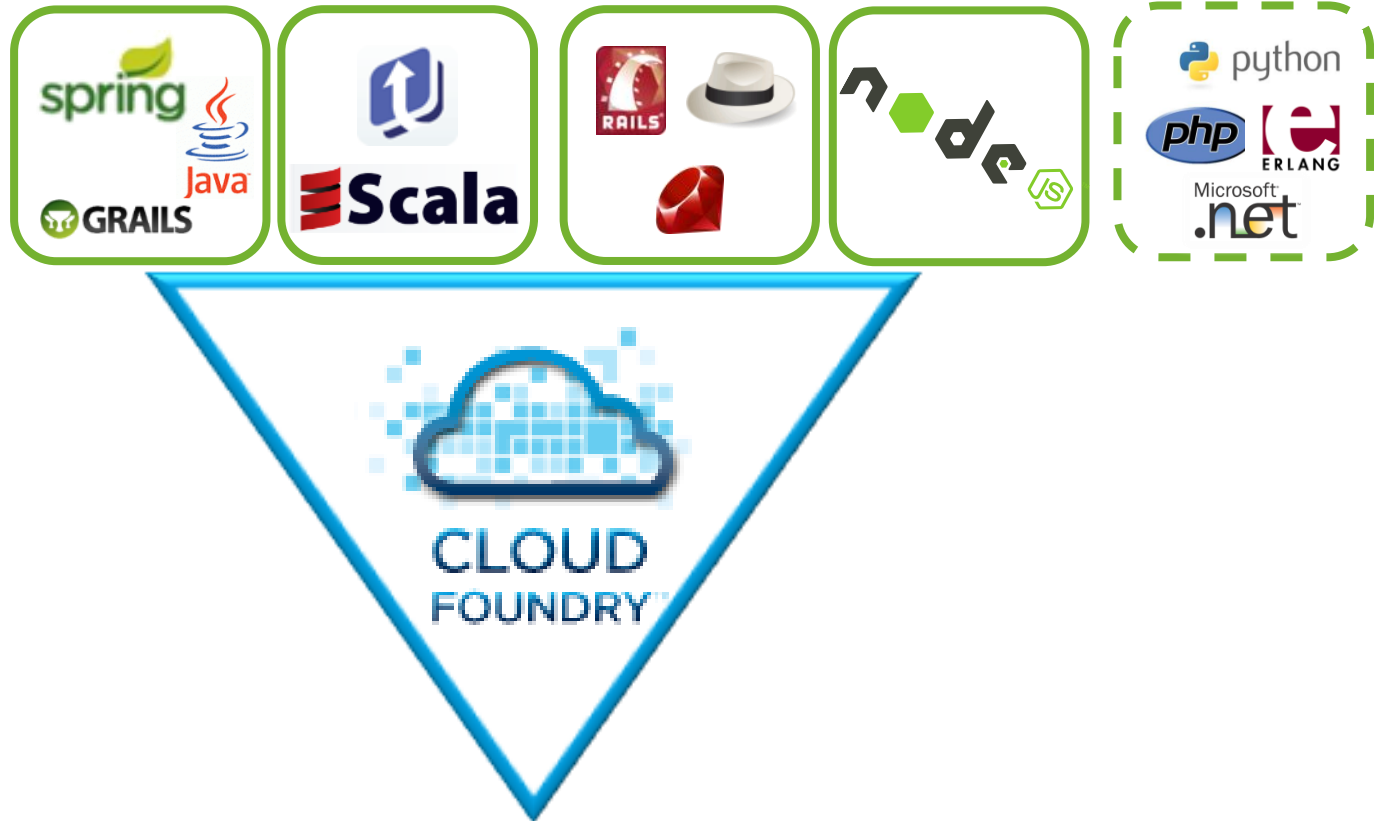


- ✓ Friction-free deployment
- ✓ No machines or middleware to manage
- ✓ Latest high productivity frameworks
- ✓ Choice of application services
- ✓ Cloud portability

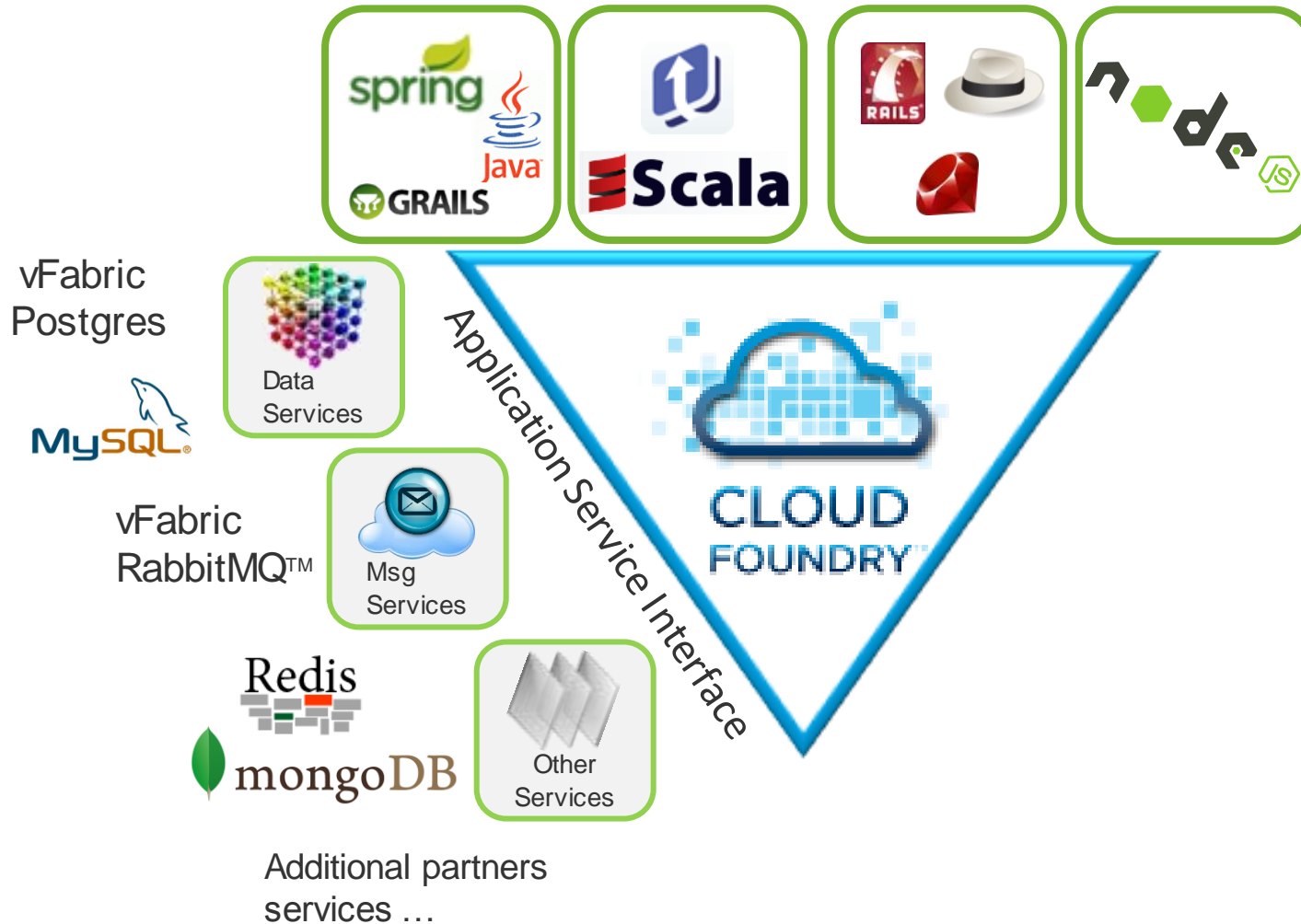
- ✓ More responsive to developers
- ✓ Elastic and dynamically scalable
- ✓ Improved efficiency
- ✓ Digest future cloud advances
- ✓ Cloud portability

# Cloud Foundry open PaaS - Choice of frameworks

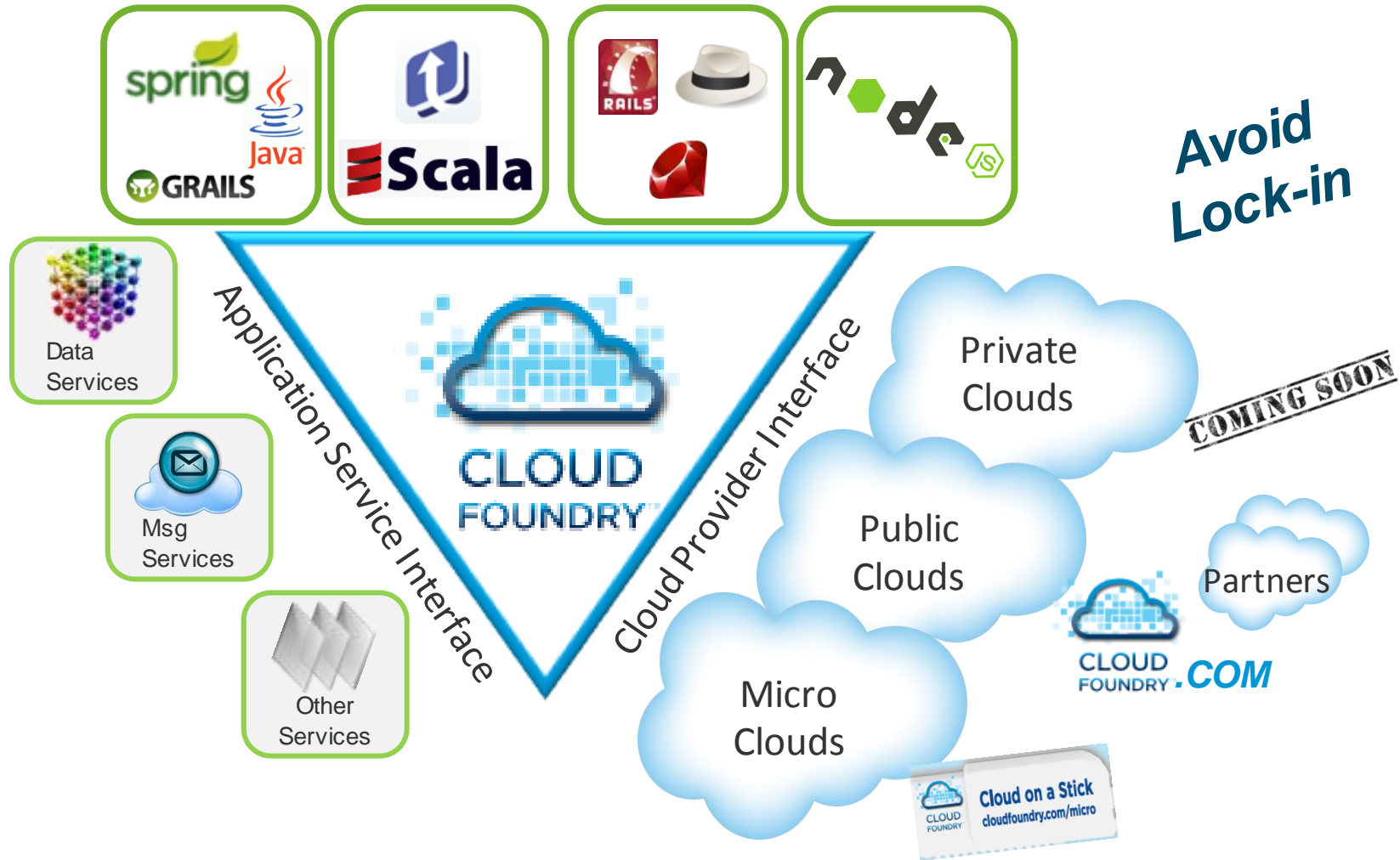
OSS community



# Cloud Foundry open PaaS - Choice of application services



# Cloud Foundry open PaaS - Choice of clouds



# Multi-cloud flexibility is critical to your long-term success

- Make use of both public and private clouds without rewriting your applications
- Protect against vendor lock-in
- Meet different compliance and geographical needs
- Accommodate peak loads while optimizing costs
- Manage your growth and changing needs over time



# Cloud Foundry: Making multi-cloud a reality

## Choice of Private Cloud Distributions

ActiveState



CANONICAL



nimbula   
OPSCODE



## Choice of Public Cloud Providers



CLOUD  
FOUNDRY . COM

enSTRATUS

RIGHT SCALE



## Choice of Cloud Infrastructure



Bare metal



# CloudFoundry.COM - Multi-tenant PaaS operated by VMware

## CloudFoundry.COM (beta)

Runtimes & Frameworks

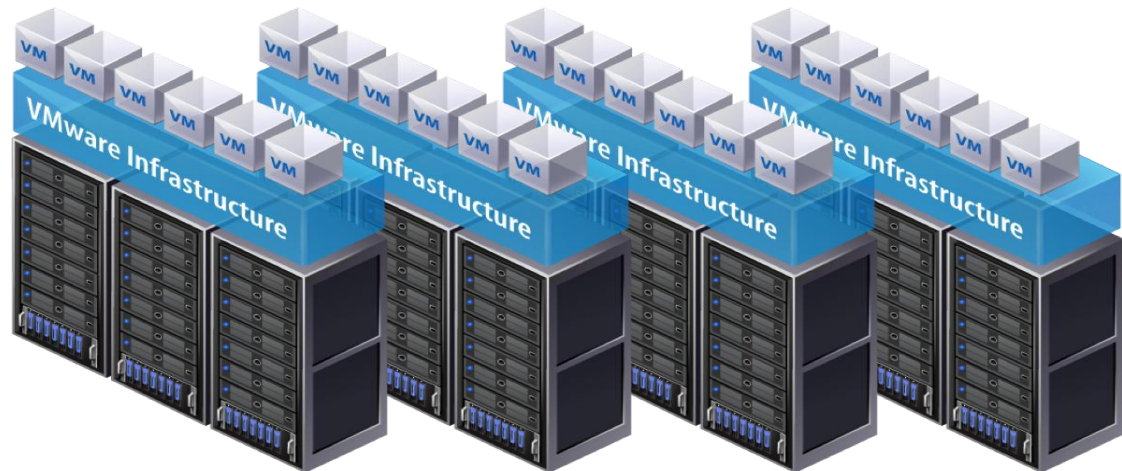


Services



## vCenter / vSphere

Infrastructure



# Micro Cloud Foundry™ – Industry first downloadable PaaS

## Micro Cloud Foundry

Runtimes & Frameworks



Services



## Your Laptop/PC

Single VM instance of Cloud Foundry that runs on a developer's MAC or PC





# CloudFoundry.ORG - Community open-source project

## CloudFoundry.ORG



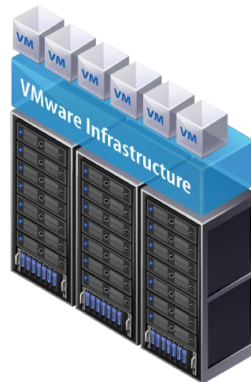
## Your Infrastructure

Download  
Code



Apache2  
license

Setup  
Environment



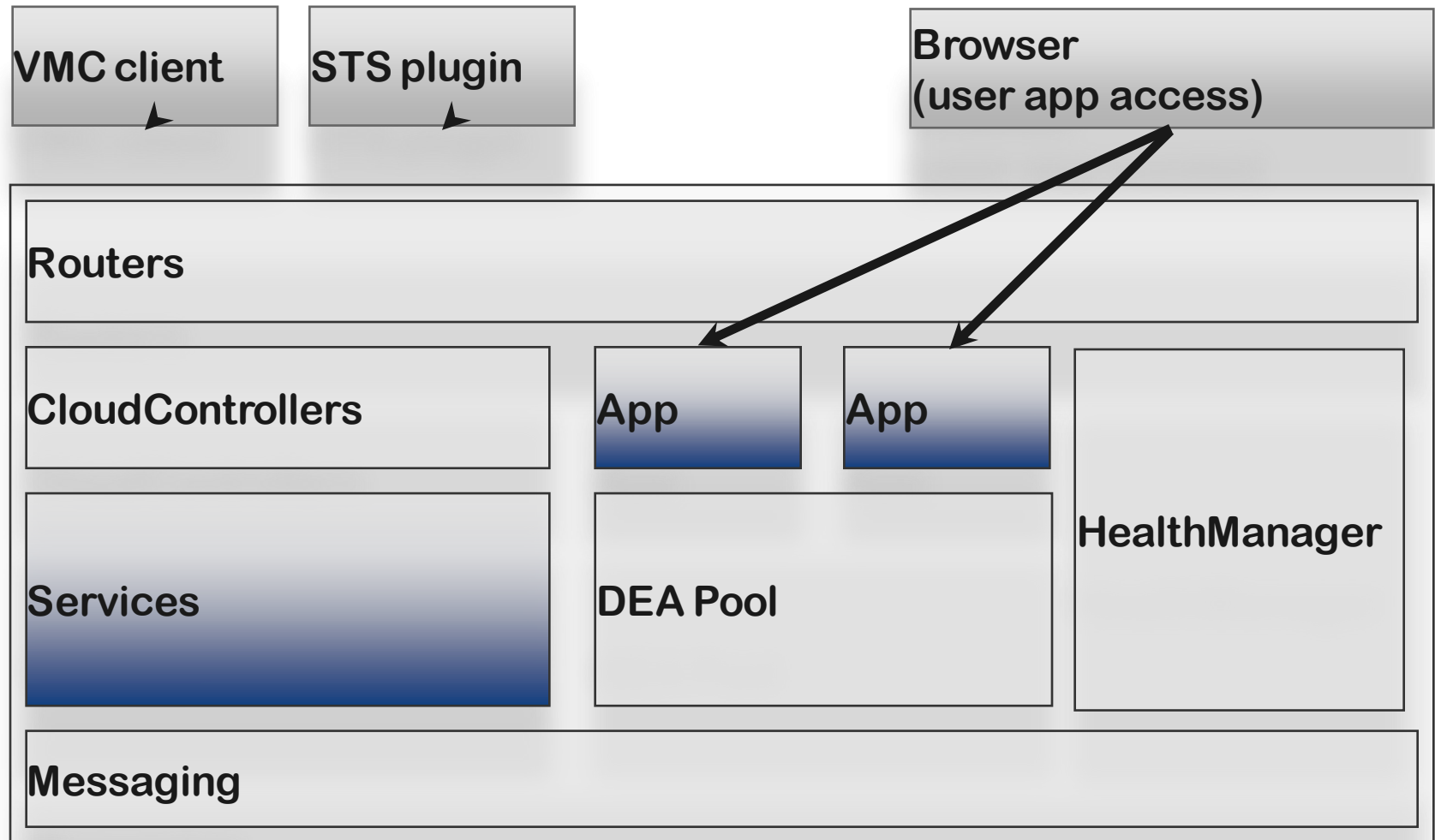
Setup  
Scripts



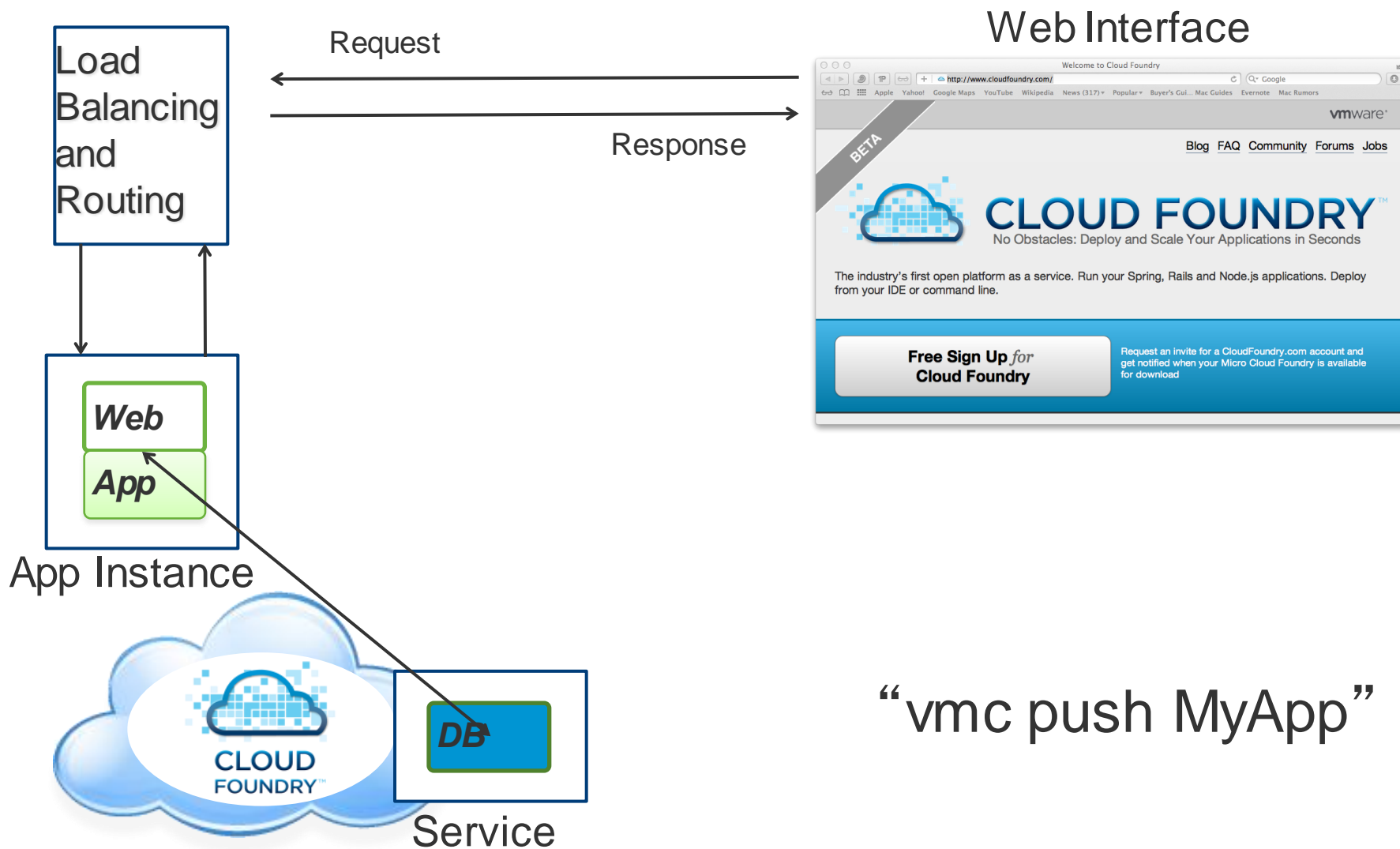
Deploy Behind  
Firewall



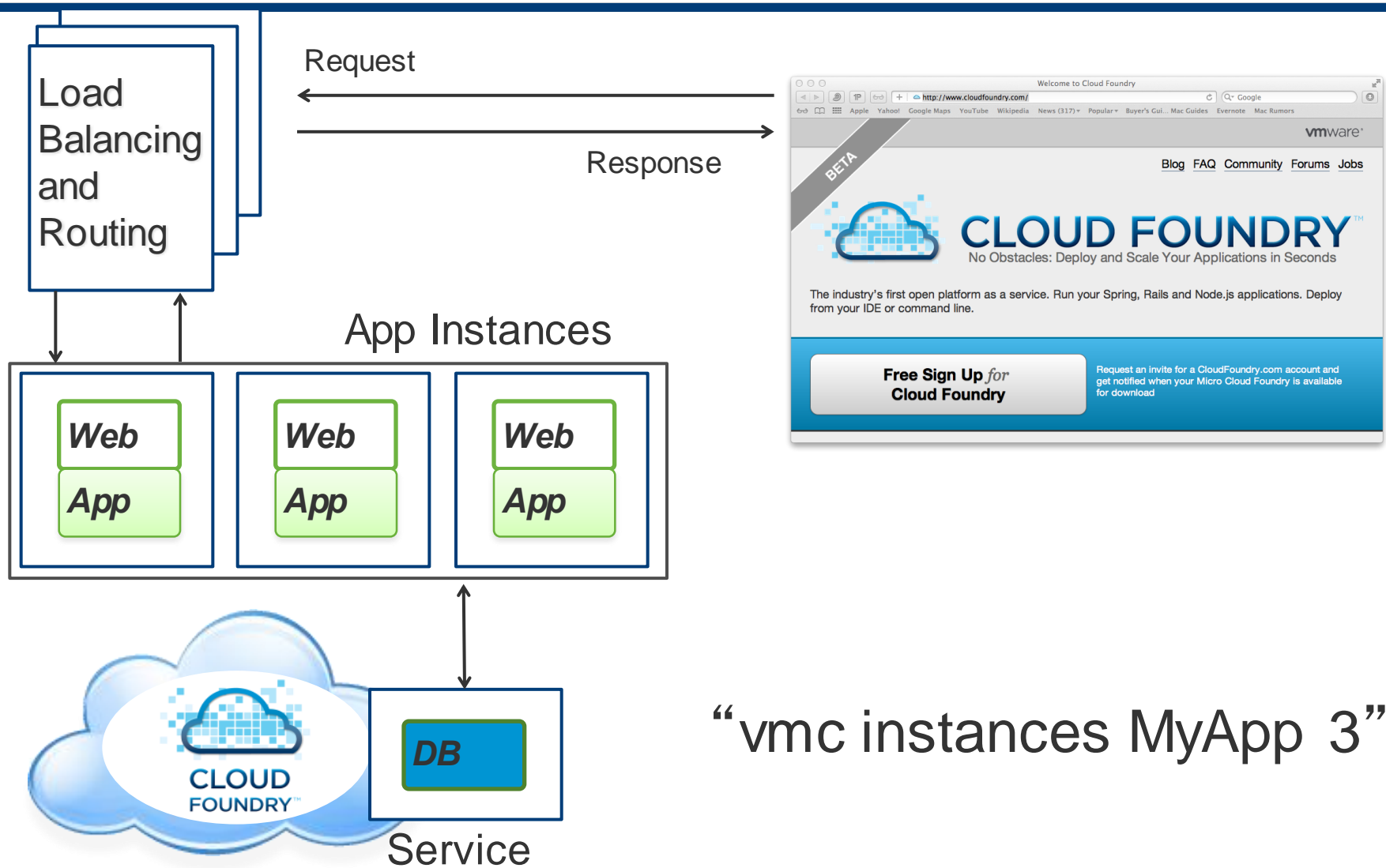
# Cloud Foundry Logical View



# How Apps are Accessed on Cloud Foundry

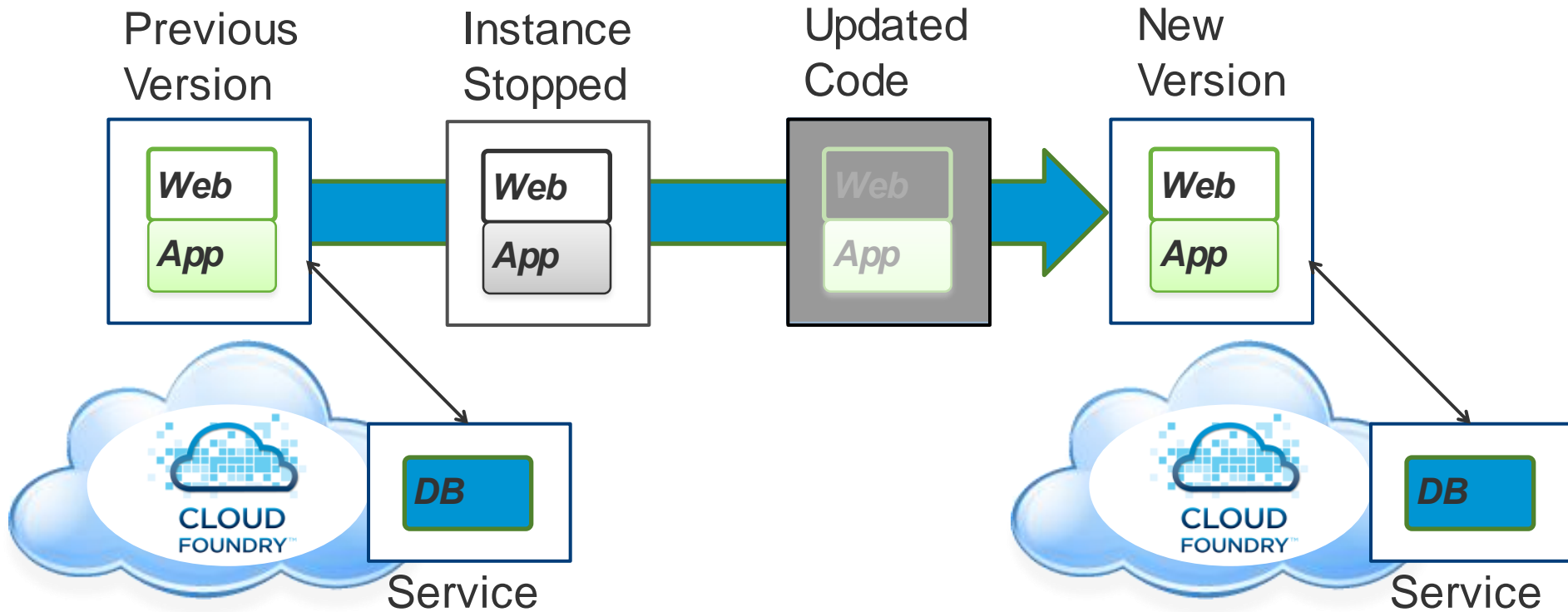


# How Apps are Scaled on Cloud Foundry



“vmc instances MyApp 3”

# How Apps are Updated on Cloud Foundry



“vmc update MyApp”

# Create a Trivial Ruby Application

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- In a new directory, create 'env.rb':

```
require 'rubygems'
require 'sinatra'
configure do
  disable :protection
end
get '/' do
  host = ENV['VMC_APP_HOST']
  port = ENV['VMC_APP_PORT']
  "<h1>Hello ESUG! via: #{host}:#{port}</h1>"
end
get '/env' do
  res = ''
  ENV.each do |k, v|
    res << "#{k}: #{v}<br/>"
  end
  res
end
```

# Deploy the Ruby Application

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- Try the application locally
  - `ruby env.rb`
- Push the application to the cloud (with a unique name):
  - `vmc push MYAPP -n`
- View the application:
  - <http://myapp.smalltalkcon.org> and <http://myapp.smalltalkcon.org/env>
- Increase the number of instances:
  - `vmc instances MYAPP +1`
- View the application again and note differences
  - Port number and directory may change
- Delete your application:
  - `vmc delete MYAPP`

# Push Process

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Creating Application: OK

Uploading Application:

Checking for available resources: OK

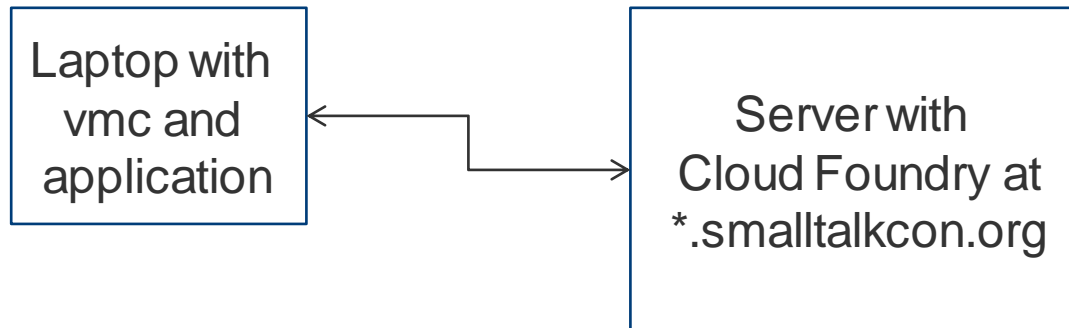
Packing application: OK

Uploading (0K): OK

Push Status: OK

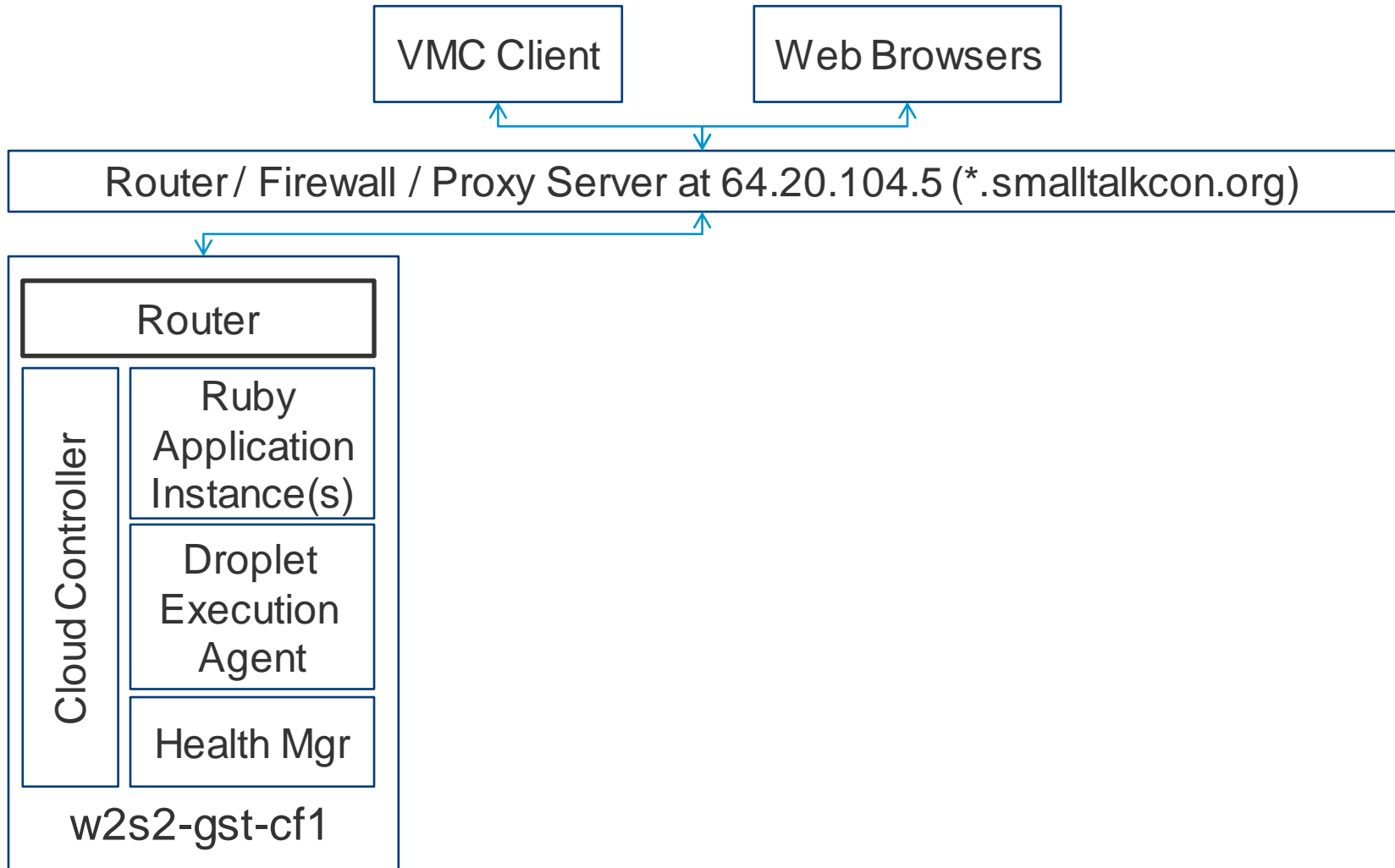
Staging Application 'james-ruby': OK

Starting Application 'james-ruby': OK

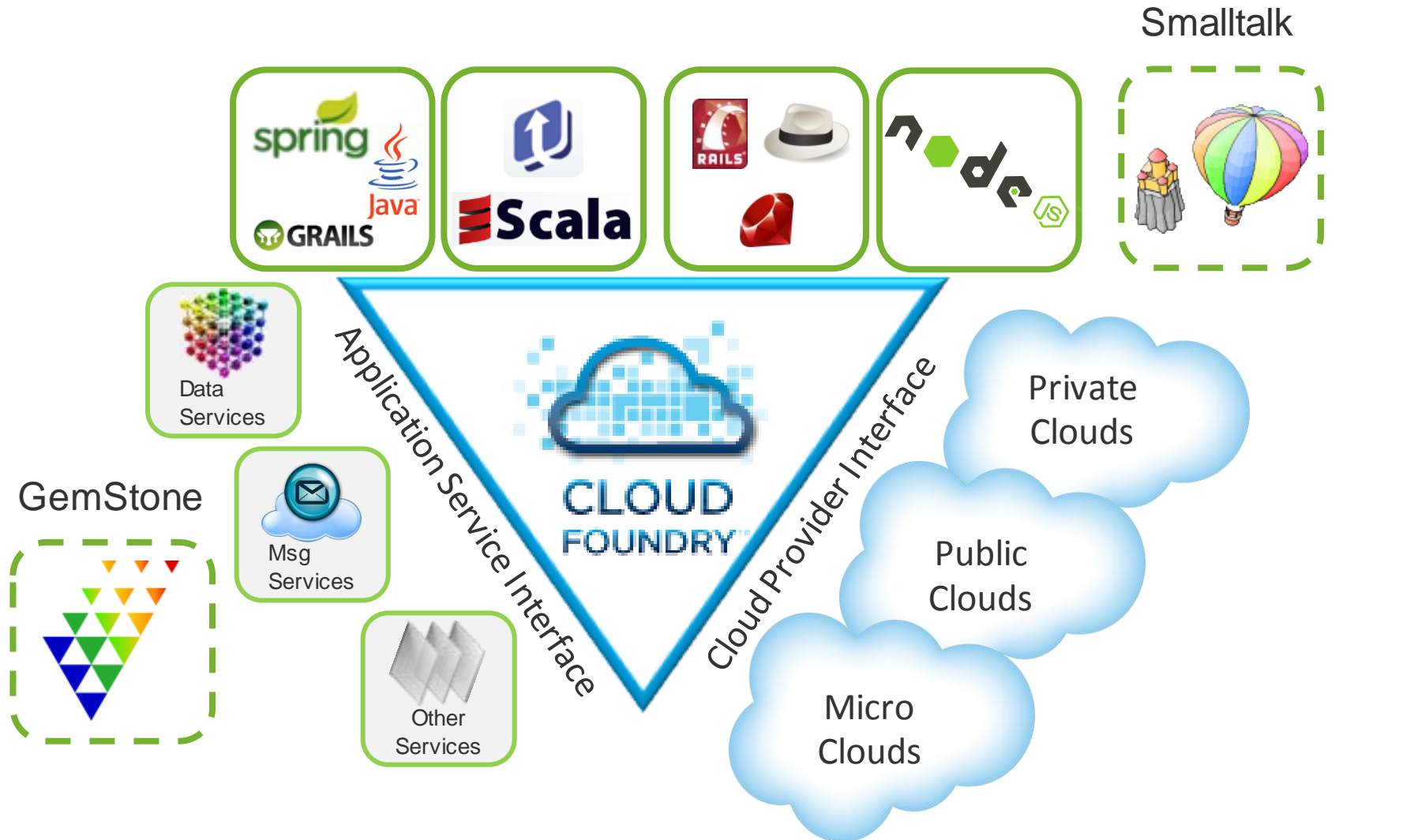




# Server Architecture



# Adding Smalltalk to Cloud Foundry



Smalltalk image from <http://www.freudenbergs.de/bert/balloon.html>

# Support for "Traditional" Programming Model

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## ■ Ruby

- Interpreter works with text files
- Application code "includes" external libraries
- Frameworks (Rails, Sinatra) can be pre-loaded on server

## ■ Java / Scala / Groovy

- Runtime VM works with "jar" files
- Application code "includes" external libraries
- Frameworks (Spring, Lift, Grails) can be pre-loaded on server

## ■ How is Smalltalk different?

- Let me count the ways!
- Monolithic image with full application and framework

# Smalltalk can Fit!

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- **Code can exist outside image**

- Package or file-in

- **Push**

- Ship "code" to server during push phase
- All files under a root directory are sent to server

- **Staging**

- Launch Smalltalk, load code into image, and save image

- **Starting**

- Launch saved image
- Determine port on which to listen (environment variable or command line)
- Start HTTP server on designated port

- **Consider a Pharo application**

- Same ideas should work with Squeak, Cincom Smalltalk, and VA Smalltalk

# Client file structure

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- **app/**
  - aida.st
- **Aida.changes**
- **Aida.image**
- **PharoDebug.log**
- **PharoV10.sources -> ...**
- **start\***
  - `open -a /.../CogVM.app/ --args Aida.image start.st $VCAP_APP_PORT`
- **start.st**
  - | file contents |
  - FileDirectory setDefaultDirectory:
    - (FileDirectory default entryAt: 'app') asFileDirectory fullName.
  - file := FileStream readOnlyFileNamed: 'aida.st'.
  - contents := file contentsOfEntireFile.
  - Compiler evaluate: contents.

# Special File in Application Directory: aida.st

---

```
| portString |
portString := SmalltalkImage current getSystemAttribute: 3.
(portString isNil or: [portString isEmpty])
  ifTrue: [portString := '8888'].
AIDASite default
  stop;
  port: portString asNumber;
  start.
Author fullName: 'CloudFoundry'.
WebDemoApp compile: 'introductionElement
| e |
e := WebElement new.
e addText: self observee introduction.
e addText: '<p>Listening on port: ' ,
  session parent site port printString , '</p>'.
^e'.
```

# Changes to Cloud Foundry for Aida

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## ■ VMC

- Add Aida to list of supported frameworks
- Auto-detect 'aida.st' as indicating Aida framework and CogVM runtime

## ■ VCAP (Cloud Foundry Server)

- Chef scripts to download and install CogVM and Aida one-click image
- Staging code to install code and save as new image
- Startup code to change listening port

# GemStone and Cloud Foundry

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## ■ Cloud Foundry Services

- MySQL, MongoDB, Redis
- GemStone/S maps reasonably well to these services

## ■ Runtime & Framework

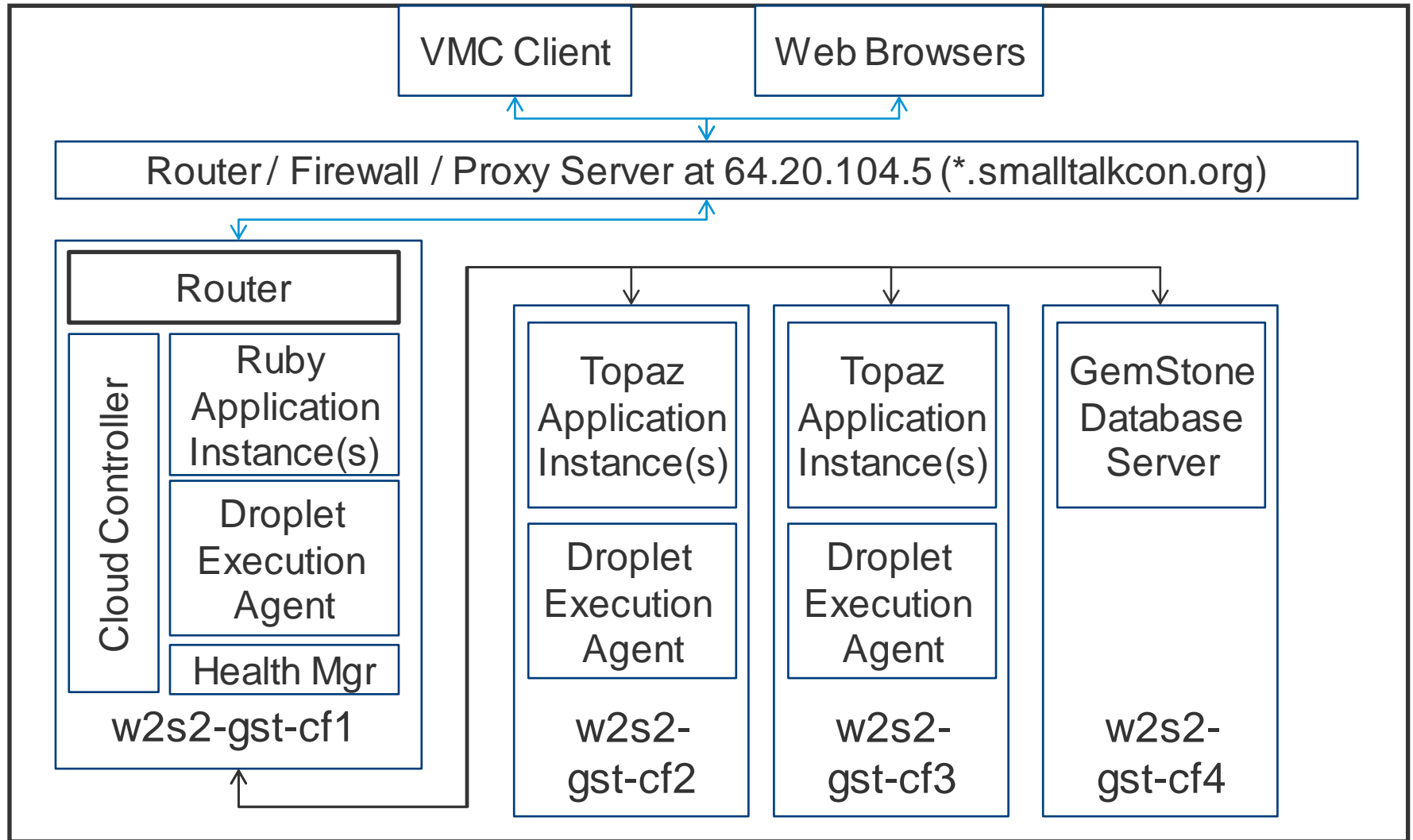
- Topaz is the command-line executable
- Support for file-in scripts
- Startup needs to do lazy-initialization
  - Don't install code if it is already present

## ■ Changes to VMC for GemStone

- vmc-stic is modified to recognize a Topaz application
  - Look for main.tpz in deployment directory
  - Other files will be copied to server as well (e.g., \*.mcz)



# Server Architecture



# Micro Cloud

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- **Develop application locally**
- **Deploy it to a public cloud**
- **Intermediate step of testing deployment to a private cloud**
  - You have better access to logs to debug problems!

# Experience Report

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- **HPI students build Seaside applications in lecture**
- **Internal Cloud Foundry setup for students to show their projects**
  - Described at <http://blog.bithug.org/2012/02/cloud-foundry-squeak>
  - Cloud Foundry code at <https://github.com/timfel/vcap>
  - Squeak code at <http://ss3.gemstone.com/ss/CloudFoundry.html>
- **Will be promoted for all students in upcoming Seaside lecture**

# Key takeaways

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- PaaS is the application platform for the Cloud era
- Cloud Foundry is the simple, open and flexible PaaS of choice
- What's next?
  - Signup - [www.cloudfoundry.com](http://www.cloudfoundry.com)
  - Get the source code - [www.cloudfoundry.org](http://www.cloudfoundry.org)
  - Download your Micro Cloud Foundry – [my.cloudfoundry.com/micro](http://my.cloudfoundry.com/micro)
  - Learn more on the Cloud Foundry blog - [blog.cloudfoundry.com](http://blog.cloudfoundry.com)
  - Follow us - [@cloudfoundry](https://twitter.com/cloudfoundry)

# Thanks & Questions?

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## ■ Thanks to

- Dale Henrichs, Peter McLean, and Monty Williams of VMware
- John Thornton (JonnyT) for the vmc-stic Ruby Gem and for testing things
- Norm Green and VMware for the opportunity to work on this project
- Tim Felgentreff of HPI

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